

## Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Summary <sup>(1-3)</sup>

Name of the bank: Banco BPI, SA

Actual results at 31 December 2010	million EUR, %
Operating profit before impairments	442
Impairment losses on financial and non-financial assets in the banking book	-150
Risk weighted assets <sup>(4)</sup>	26.036
Core Tier 1 capital <sup>(4)</sup>	2.133
Core Tier 1 capital ratio, % <sup>(4)</sup>	8,2%
<b>Additional capital needed to reach a 5 % Core Tier 1 capital benchmark</b>	

Outcomes of the adverse scenario at 31 December 2012, excluding all mitigating actions taken in 2011	%
Core Tier 1 Capital ratio	6,7%

Outcomes of the adverse scenario at 31 December 2012, including recognised mitigating measures as of 30 April 2011	million EUR, %
2 yr cumulative operating profit before impairments	810
2 yr cumulative impairment losses on financial and non-financial assets in the banking book	-870
2 yr cumulative losses from the stress in the trading book	-2
<i>of which valuation losses due to sovereign shock</i>	0
Risk weighted assets	26.885
Core Tier 1 Capital	1.788
<b>Core Tier 1 Capital ratio (%)</b>	<b>6,7%</b>
<b>Additional capital needed to reach a 5 % Core Tier 1 capital benchmark</b>	

Effects from the recognised mitigating measures put in place until 30 April 2011 <sup>(5)</sup>	
<i>Equity raisings announced and fully committed between 31 December 2010 and 30 April 2011 (CT1 million EUR)</i>	0
<i>Effect of government support publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on Core Tier 1 capital ratio (percentage points of CT1 ratio)</i>	0,0
<i>Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on Core Tier 1 capital ratio (percentage points of CT1 ratio)</i>	0,0

Additional taken or planned mitigating measures	percentage points contributing to capital ratio
Use of provisions and/or other reserves (including release of countercyclical provisions)	
Divestments and other management actions taken by 30 April 2011	0,2
Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also future mandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules	0,1
Future planned issuances of common equity instruments (private issuances)	
Future planned government subscriptions of capital instruments (including hybrids)	
Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as appropriate back-stop measures by national supervisory authorities	
Supervisory recognised capital ratio after all current and future mitigating actions as of 31 December 2012, % <sup>(6)</sup>	7,0%

### Notes

- (1) The stress test was carried using the EBA common methodology, which includes a static balance sheet assumption and incorporates regulatory transitional floors, where binding (see <http://www.eba.europa.eu/EU-wide-stress-testing/2011.aspx> for the details on the EBA methodology).
- (2) All capital elements and ratios are presented in accordance with the EBA definition of Core Tier 1 capital set up for the purposes of the EU-wide stress test, and therefore may differ from the definitions used by national supervisory authorities and/or reported by institutions in public disclosures.
- (3) Neither baseline scenario nor the adverse scenario and results of the stress test should in any way be construed as a bank's forecast or directly compared to bank's other published information.
- (4) Full static balance sheet assumption excluding any mitigating management actions, mandatory restructuring or capital raisings post 31 December 2010 (all government support measures and capital raisings fully paid in before 31 December 2010 are included).
- (5) Effects of capital raisings, government support and mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011, which are incorporated in the Core Tier 1 capital ratio reported as the outcome of the stress test.
- (6) The supervisory recognised capital ratio computed on the basis of additional mitigating measures presented in this section. The ratio is based primarily on the EBA definition, but may include other mitigating measures not recognised by the EBA methodology as having impacts in the Core Tier 1 capital, but which are considered by the national supervisory authorities as appropriate mitigating measures for the stressed conditions. Where applicable, such measures are explained in the additional announcements issued by banks/national supervisory authorities. Details of all mitigating measures are presented in the worksheet "3 - Mitigating measures).

## Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Aggregate information and evolution of capital <sup>(1-4)</sup>

Name of the bank: Banco BPI, SA

All in million EUR, or %

A. Results of the stress test based on the full static balance sheet assumption without any mitigating actions, mandatory restructuring or capital raisings post 31 December 2010 (all government support measures fully paid in before 31 December 2010 are included)

Capital adequacy	2010	Baseline scenario		Adverse scenario	
		2011	2012	2011	2012
Risk weighted assets (full static balance sheet assumption)	26.036	26.066	26.131	26.838	26.885
Common equity according to EBA definition	2.133	2.206	2.122	2.047	1.788
of which ordinary shares subscribed by government	0	0	0	0	0
Other existing subscribed government capital (before 31 December 2010)	0	0	0	0	0
Core Tier 1 capital (full static balance sheet assumption)	2.133	2.206	2.122	2.047	1.788
<b>Core Tier 1 capital ratio (%)</b>	<b>8,2%</b>	<b>8,5%</b>	<b>8,1%</b>	<b>7,6%</b>	<b>6,7%</b>

B. Results of the stress test recognising capital issuance and mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010

Capital adequacy	2010	Baseline scenario		Adverse scenario	
		2011	2012	2011	2012
Risk weighted assets (full static balance sheet assumption)	26.036	26.066	26.131	26.838	26.885
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010 on RWA (+/-)		0	0	0	0
Risk weighted assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	26.036	26.066	26.131	26.838	26.885
Core Tier 1 Capital (full static balance sheet assumption)	2.133	2.206	2.122	2.047	1.788
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010 on Core Tier 1 capital (+/-)		0	0	0	0
Core Tier 1 capital after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	2.133	2.206	2.122	2.047	1.788
<b>Core Tier 1 capital ratio (%)</b>	<b>8,2%</b>	<b>8,5%</b>	<b>8,1%</b>	<b>7,6%</b>	<b>6,7%</b>

C. Results of the stress test recognising capital issuance and mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 30 April 2011

Capital adequacy	2010	Baseline scenario		Adverse scenario	
		2011	2012	2011	2012
Risk weighted assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	26.036	26.066	26.131	26.838	26.885
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on RWA (+/-)		0	0	0	0
Risk weighted assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 30 April 2011		26.066	26.131	26.838	26.885
of which RWA in banking book		23.704	23.762	24.454	24.481
of which RWA in trading book		233	240	255	275
RWA on securitisation positions (banking and trading book)		194	262	380	580
Total assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed and equity raised and fully committed by 30 April 2011	43.826	43.348	43.324	42.953	42.509
Core Tier 1 capital after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	2.133	2.206	2.122	2.047	1.788
Equity raised between 31 December 2010 and 30 April 2011		0	0	0	0
Equity raisings fully committed (but not paid in) between 31 December 2010 and 30 April 2011		0	0	0	0
Effect of government support publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on Core Tier 1 capital (+/-)		0	0	0	0
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on Core Tier 1 capital (+/-)		0	0	0	0
Core Tier 1 capital after government support, capital raisings and effects of restructuring plans fully committed by 30 April 2011		2.206	2.122	2.047	1.788
Tier 1 capital after government support, capital raisings and effects of restructuring plans fully committed by 30 April 2011		2.453	2.369	2.294	2.035
Total regulatory capital after government support, capital raisings and effects of restructuring plans fully committed by 30 April 2011		2.969	2.885	2.810	2.551
<b>Core Tier 1 capital ratio (%)</b>	<b>8,2%</b>	<b>8,5%</b>	<b>8,1%</b>	<b>7,6%</b>	<b>6,7%</b>
<b>Additional capital needed to reach a 5% Core Tier 1 capital benchmark</b>					

Profit and losses	2010	Baseline scenario		Adverse scenario	
		2011	2012	2011	2012
Net interest income	659	645	657	638	659
Trading income	19	10	10	9	9
of which trading losses from stress scenarios		-0	-0	-1	-1
of which valuation losses due to sovereign shock				-0	-0
Other operating income <sup>(5)</sup>	103	88	86	84	78
Operating profit before impairments	442	407	419	400	408
Impairments on financial and non-financial assets in the banking book <sup>(6)</sup>	-150	-126	-166	-285	-585
Operating profit after impairments and other losses from the stress	292	281	253	114	-176
Other income <sup>(5,8)</sup>	-7	29	29	29	29
Net profit after tax <sup>(7)</sup>	291	267	224	146	-82
of which carried over to capital (retained earnings)	221	134	109	62	-147
of which distributed as dividends	70	133	115	84	65

Additional information	2010	Baseline scenario		Adverse scenario	
		2011	2012	2011	2012
Deferred Tax Assets <sup>(8)</sup>	419	419	419	573	694
Stock of provisions <sup>(9)</sup>	632	694	849	840	1,399
of which stock of provisions for non-defaulted assets	223	223	223	321	420
of which Sovereigns <sup>(10)</sup>	0	0	0	86	171
of which Institutions <sup>(10)</sup>	9	9	9	22	35
of which Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	105	105	105	105	105
of which Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	92	92	92	92	92
of which Commercial real estate <sup>(11)</sup>	17	17	17	17	17
of which stock of provisions for defaulted assets	356	471	626	519	979
of which Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	122	153	196	162	271
of which Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	171	218	279	239	409
of which Commercial real estate	63	99	150	117	298
Coverage ratio (%) <sup>(12)</sup>					
Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	50,3%	49,7%	50,6%	53,8%	66,0%
Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	34,3%	33,0%	33,3%	35,6%	43,7%
Commercial real estate	53,8%	52,1%	55,7%	59,9%	97,2%
Loss rates (%) <sup>(13)</sup>					
Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	0,2%	0,2%	0,3%	0,3%	0,7%
Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	0,4%	0,3%	0,4%	0,4%	1,0%
Commercial real estate	2,2%	2,9%	4,2%	4,4%	14,8%
Funding cost (bps)	120			244	336

#### D. Other mitigating measures (see Mitigating measures worksheet for details), million EUR <sup>(14)</sup>

All effects as compared to regulatory aggregates as reported in Section C	Baseline scenario		Adverse scenario	
	2011	2012	2011	2012
A) Use of provisions and/or other reserves (including release of countercyclical provisions), capital ratio effect <sup>(6)</sup>				
B) Divestments and other management actions taken by 30 April 2011, RWA effect (+/-)	-538	-580	-530	-536
B1) Divestments and other business decisions taken by 30 April 2011, capital ratio effect (+/-)	-3	-5	1	7
C) Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also future mandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules, RWA effect (+/-)	-439	-434	-439	-430
C1) Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also future mandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules, capital ratio effect (+/-)	0	-2	5	6
D) Future planned issuances of common equity instruments (private issuances), capital ratio effect				
E) Future planned government subscriptions of capital instruments (including hybrids), capital ratio effect				
F) Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as appropriate back-stop measures by national supervisory authorities, RWA effect (+/-)				
F1) Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as appropriate back-stop measures by national supervisory authorities, capital ratio effect (+/-)				
Risk weighted assets after other mitigating measures (B+C+F)	25.089	25.117	25.869	25.919
Capital after other mitigating measures (A+B1+C1+D+E+F1)	2.203	2.114	2.053	1.802
<b>Supervisory recognised capital ratio (%) <sup>(15)</sup></b>	<b>8,8%</b>	<b>8,4%</b>	<b>7,9%</b>	<b>7,0%</b>

#### Notes and definitions

- (1) The stress test was carried using the EBA common methodology, which includes a static balance sheet assumption (see <http://www.eba.europa.eu/EU-wide-stress-testing/2011.aspx> for the details on the EBA methodology).
- (2) All capital elements and ratios are presented in accordance with the EBA definition of Core Tier 1 capital set up for the purposes of the EU-wide stress test, and therefore may differ from the definitions used by national supervisory authorities and/or reported by institutions in public disclosures.
- (3) Neither baseline scenario nor the adverse scenario and results of the stress test should in any way be construed as a bank's forecast or directly compared to bank's other published information.
- (4) Regulatory transitional floors are applied where binding. RWA for credit risk have been calculated in accordance with the EBA methodology assuming an additional floor imposed at a level of RWA, before regulatory transitional floors, for December 2010 for both IRB and STA portfolios.
- (5) Banks are required to provide explanations of what "Other operating income" and "Other income" constitutes for.  
**Composition of "Other operating income" and "Other income": "Other operating income" includes Gains and losses on assets available for sale, Dividends, Gains and losses on foreign currency transactions with customers and Recoveries of loans written-off. "Other income" includes Profits in associated companies, Early retirements costs and Other income and expenses.**
- (6) If under the national legislation, the release of countercyclical provisions and/or other similar reserves is allowed, this figure for 2010 could be included either in rows "Impairments on financial assets in the banking book" or "Other income" for 2010, whereas under the EU-wide stress test methodology such release for 2011-2012 should be reported in Section D as other mitigating measures.
- (7) Net profit includes profit attributable to minority interests.
- (8) Deferred tax assets as referred to in paragraph 69 of BCBS publication dated December 2010: "Basel 3 – a global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems".
- (9) Stock of provisions includes collective and specific provisions as well as countercyclical provisions, in the jurisdictions, where required by the national legislation.
- (10) Provisions for non-defaulted exposures to sovereigns and financial institutions have been computed taking into account benchmark risk parameters (PDs and LGDs) provided by the EBA and referring to external credit ratings and assuming hypothetical scenario of rating agency downgrades of sovereigns.
- (11) For definition of commercial real estate please refer to footnote (5) in the worksheet "4 - EADs".
- (12) Coverage ratio = stock of provisions on defaulted assets / stock of defaulted assets expressed in EAD for the specific portfolio.
- (13) Loss rate = total impairment flow (specific and collective impairment flow) for a year / total EAD for the specific portfolio (including defaulted and non-defaulted assets but excluding securitisation and counterparty credit risk exposures).
- (14) All elements are reported net of tax effects.
- (15) The supervisory recognised capital ratio computed on the basis of additional mitigating measures presented in this section. The ratio is based primarily on the EBA definition, but may include other mitigating measures not recognised by the EBA methodology as having impacts in the Core Tier 1 capital, but which are considered by the national supervisory authorities as appropriate mitigating measures for the stressed conditions. Where applicable, such measures are explained in the additional announcements issued by banks/national supervisory authorities. Details of all mitigating measures are presented in the worksheet "3 - Mitigating measures".

## Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Composition of capital as of 31 December 2010

Name of the bank: Banco BPI, SA

Situation at December 2010	December 2010		References to COREP reporting
	Million EUR	% RWA	
<b>A) Common equity before deductions (Original own funds <u>without hybrid instruments and government support measures other than ordinary shares</u>) (+)</b>	<b>2.267</b>	8,7%	COREP CA 1.1 - hybrid instruments and government support measures other than ordinary shares
Of which: (+) eligible capital and reserves	2.127	8,2%	COREP CA 1.1.1 + COREP line 1.1.2.1
Of which: (-) intangibles assets (including goodwill)	-6	0,0%	Net amount included in T1 own funds (COREP line 1.1.5.1)
Of which: (-/+) adjustment to valuation differences in other AFS assets <sup>(1)</sup>	689	2,6%	Prudential filters for regulatory capital (COREP line 1.1.2.6.06)
<b>B) Deductions from common equity (Elements deducted from original own funds) (-)</b>	<b>-135</b>	-0,5%	COREP CA 1.3.T1* (negative amount)
Of which: (-) deductions of participations and subordinated claims	-135	-0,5%	Total of items as defined by Article 57 (l), (m), (n) (o) and (p) of Directive 2006/48/EC and deducted from original own funds (COREP lines from 1.3.1 to 1.3.5 included in line 1.3.T1*)
Of which: (-) securitisation exposures not included in RWA	0	0,0%	COREP line 1.3.7 included in line 1.3.T1*
Of which: (-) IRB provision shortfall and IRB equity expected loss amounts (before tax)	0	0,0%	As defined by Article 57 (q) of Directive 2006/48/EC (COREP line 1.3.8 included in 1.3.T1*)
<b>C) Common equity (A+B)</b>	<b>2.133</b>	8,2%	
Of which: ordinary shares subscribed by government	0	0,0%	Paid up ordinary shares subscribed by government
<b>D) Other Existing government support measures (+)</b>	<b>0</b>	0,0%	
<b>E) Core Tier 1 including existing government support measures (C+D)</b>	<b>2.133</b>	8,2%	Common equity + Existing government support measures included in T1 other than ordinary shares
<b>Difference from benchmark capital threshold (CT1 5%)</b>	<b>831</b>	3,2%	Core tier 1 including government support measures - (RWA*5%)
<b>F) Hybrid instruments not subscribed by government</b>	<b>247</b>	0,9%	Net amount included in T1 own funds (COREP line 1.1.4.1a + COREP lines from 1.1.2.2**01 to 1.1.2.2**05 + COREP line 1.1.5.2a (negative amount)) not subscribed by government
<b>Tier 1 Capital (E+F) (Total original own funds for general solvency purposes)</b>	<b>2.379</b>	9,1%	COREP CA 1.4 = COREP CA 1.1 + COREP CA 1.3.T1* (negative amount)
<b>Tier 2 Capital (Total additional own funds for general solvency purposes)</b>	<b>523</b>	2,0%	COREP CA 1.5
<b>Tier 3 Capital (Total additional own funds specific to cover market risks)</b>	<b>0</b>	0,0%	COREP CA 1.6
<b>Total Capital (Total own funds for solvency purposes)</b>	<b>2.902</b>	11,1%	COREP CA 1
<b>Memorandum items</b>			
Amount of holdings, participations and subordinated claims in credit, financial and insurance institutions <u>not deducted for the computation of core tier 1</u> but deducted for the computation of total own funds	-135	-0,5%	Total of items as defined by Article 57 (l), (m), (n) (o) and (p) of Directive 2006/48/EC not deducted for the computation of original own funds
Amount of securitisation exposures not included in RWA and <u>not deducted for the computation of core tier 1</u> but deducted for the computation of total own funds	0	0,0%	Total of items as defined by Article 57 (r) of Directive 2006/48/EC not deducted for the computation of original own funds
Deferred tax assets <sup>(2)</sup>	419	1,6%	As referred to in paragraph 69 of BCBS publication dated December 2010 : "Basel 3 – a global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems"
Minority interests (excluding hybrid instruments) <sup>(2)</sup>	186	0,7%	Gross amount of minority interests as defined by Article 65 1. (a) of Directive 2006/48/EC
Valuation differences eligible as original own funds (-/+) <sup>(3)</sup>	- 1	0,0%	COREP line 1.1.2.6

### Notes and definitions

(1) The amount is already included in the computation of the eligible capital and reserves and it is provided separately for information purposes.

(2) According to the Basel 3 framework specific rules apply for the treatment of these items under the Basel 3 framework, no full deduction is required for the computation of common equity.

(3) This item represents the impact in original own funds of valuation differences arising from the application of fair value measurement to certain financial instruments (AFS/FVO) and property assets after the application of prudential filters.

## Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Overview of mitigating measures <sup>(1-2)</sup>

Name of the bank: Banco BPI, SA

### Use of countercyclical provisions, divestments and other management actions

Please fill in the table using a separate row for each measure	Narrative description	Date of completion (actual or planned for future issuances)	Capital / P&L impact (in million EUR)	RWA impact (in million EUR)	Capital ratio impact (as of 31 December 2012) %
<b>A) Use of provisions and/or other reserves</b> (including release of countercyclical provisions), <sup>(3)</sup>					
<b>B) Divestments and other management actions taken by 30 April 2011</b>					
1) Sale of assets and reduction of loan portfolio	Sale of 363 Meuros of Debt Securities and reduction of 388Meuros of the loan portfolio up to 31Mar2011, part of a Management plan to reduce the loan portfolio a total of 1 000Meuro until the end of 2011.	30 April 2011	7	-536	0,2%
2)					
<b>C) Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also future mandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules</b>					
1) Reduction of loan portfolio from 31Mar11 to 31Dec11	Reduction of the loan portfolio in 2011 up to 1 000 Meuro (in excess of the 388Meuros already considered in	1Apr to 31Dec 2011	6	-430	0,1%
2)					

### Future capital raisings and other back stop measures

Please fill in the table using a separate row for each measure	Date of issuance (actual or planned for future issuances, dd/mm/yy)	Amount (in million EUR)	Maturity (dated/ undated) <sup>(4)</sup>	Loss absorbency in going concern (Yes/No)	Flexibility of payments (capacity to (Yes/No)	Permanence (Undated and without incentive to redeem) (Yes/No)	Conversion clause (where appropriate)			
							Nature of conversion (mandatory/ discretionary)	Date of conversion (at any time/from a specific date: dd/mm/yy)	Triggers (description of the triggers)	Conversion in common equity (Yes/No)
<b>D) Future planned issuances of common equity instruments (private issuances)</b>										
<b>E) Future planned government subscriptions of capital instruments (including hybrids)</b>										
1) Denomination of the instrument										
2)										
<b>F) Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as back stop measures by national supervisory authorities (including hybrids)</b>										
1) Denomination of the instrument										
2)										

### Notes and definitions

(1) The order of the measures follows the order of mitigating measures reported in the Section D of the worksheet "1 - Aggregate information".

(2) All elements are reported net of tax effects.

(3) If under the national legislation, the release of countercyclical provisions and/or other similar reserves is allowed, this figure for 2010 could be included either in rows "Impairments on financial assets in the banking book" or "Other income" for 2010, whereas under the EU-wide stress test methodology such release for 2011-2012 should be reported in Section D of the worksheet "1- Aggregate information" as other mitigating measures and explained in this worksheet.

(4) If dated please insert the maturity date (dd/mm/yy) otherwise specify undated.

Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Credit risk exposures (EAD - exposure at default), as of 31 December 2010, mln EUR, <sup>(1-5)</sup>

Name of the bank: Banco BPI, SA

All values in million EUR, or %

	Non-defaulted exposures										Defaulted exposures (excluding sovereign)	Total exposures <sup>(7)</sup>
	Institutions	Corporate (excluding commercial real estate)	Retail (excluding commercial real estate)				Commercial Real Estate					
			of which Residential mortgages	of which Revolving	of which SME	of which other	Loan to Value (LTV) ratio (%) <sup>(6)</sup>					
			Loan to Value (LTV) ratio (%) <sup>(6)</sup>									
Austria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Belgium	550	101	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	652
Bulgaria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cyprus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Czech Republic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Denmark	0	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60
Estonia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Finland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
France	532	227	64	0	1	0	63	3	0	3	0	832
Germany	954	508	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1,467
Greece	0	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	606
Hungary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iceland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	382
Italy	0	141	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,198
Latvia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liechtenstein	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lithuania	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Luxembourg	0	101	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	105
Malta	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	8	150	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	164
Norway	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Poland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Portugal	1,511	8,986	15,489	12,275	49	262	1,694	1,258	1,096	39	636	33,254
Romania	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Slovakia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Slovenia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spain	326	3,223	5	0	0	0	2	3	3	59	0	3,625
Sweden	0	59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	59
United Kingdom	1,177	57	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1,241
United States	32	16	6	0	0	0	6	1	0	0	0	66
Japan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other non EEA non Emerging countries	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Asia (includes Angola)	66	1,011	274	0	0	0	0	274	0	158	0	4,313
Middle and South America	12	154	12	0	1	0	0	11	0	0	0	445
Eastern Europe non EEA	8	114	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	173
Others	287	284	34	0	2	0	32	4	0	1	0	625
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,463</b>	<b>15,245</b>	<b>15,894</b>	<b>12,275</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>1,696</b>	<b>1,657</b>	<b>1,109</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>858</b>	<b>49,268</b>

Notes and definitions

(1) EAD - Exposure at Default or exposure value in the meaning of the CRD.

(2) The EAD reported here are based on the methodologies and portfolio breakdowns used in the 2011 EU-wide stress test, and hence may differ from the EAD reported by banks in their Pillar 3 disclosures, which can vary based on national regulation. For example, this would affect breakdown of EAD for real estate exposures and SME exposures.

(3) Breakdown by country and macro area (e.g. Asia) when EAD >=5%. In any case coverage 100% of total EAD should be ensured (if exact mapping of some exposures to geographies is not possible, they should be allocated to the group "others").

(4) The allocation of countries and exposures to macro areas and emerging/non-emerging is according to the IMF WEO country groupings. See: <http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2010/01/weodata/groups.htm>

(5) Residential real estate property which is or will be occupied or let by the owner, or the beneficial owner in the case of personal investment companies, and commercial real estate property, that is, offices and other commercial premises, which are recognised as eligible collateral in the meaning of the CRD, with the following criteria, which need to be met:

(a) the value of the property does not materially depend upon the credit quality of the obligor. This requirement does not preclude situations where purely macro economic factors affect both the value of the property and the performance of the borrower; and

(b) the risk of the borrower does not materially depend upon the performance of the underlying property or project, but rather on the underlying capacity of the borrower to repay the debt from other sources. As such, repayment of the facility does not materially depend on any cash flow generated by the underlying property serving as collateral.

(6) Loan to value ratio - ratio of EAD to the market value of real estate used as collateral for such exposures. Given the different methodologies applied to assessing the value, the bank is required to explain the computation of the ratio. In particular

(a) whether collateral values is marked-to-market or any other valuation method is used, (b) whether the amount has been adjusted for principal repayments, and (c) how guarantees other than the underlying property are treated.

Definition of Loan to Value ratio used:

Collateral values are marked-to-market, valued by external appraisers or by Banco BPI's internal models.

The exposure has been adjusted for principal repayments.

Guarantees other than the underlying property (pledged deposits and securities) were also included.

(7) Total exposures is the total EAD according to the CRD definition based on which the bank computes RWA for credit risk. Total exposures, in addition to the exposures broken down by regulatory portfolios in this table, include EAD for securitisation transactions, counterparty credit risk, sovereigns, guaranteed by sovereigns, public sector entities and central banks.





Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EXPOSURES (accounting value gross of specific provisions)		NET DIRECT POSITIONS (gross exposures (long) net of cash short position of sovereign debt to other counterparties only where there is maturity matching)				DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
			of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book <sup>(3)</sup>		
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Liechtenstein								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Lithuania								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Luxembourg								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Malta								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Netherlands	2		2				2	
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		2	0	2	0	0	2	0	
3M	Norway								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Poland								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Portugal	119	113	119	0	0	5		
1Y		1.182	116	1.182	1.064	0	2		
2Y		176	176	176	0	0	0		
3Y		184	182	184	1	0	1		
5Y		127	127	127	0	0	0		
10Y		1.602	53	1.602	1.549	0	0	0	
15Y		505	505	505	0	0	0	0	
		3.896	1.274	3.896	2.614	0	8	0	



Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EXPOSURES (accounting value gross of specific provisions)		NET DIRECT POSITIONS (gross exposures (long) net of cash short position of sovereign debt to other counterparties only where there is maturity matching)				DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK
			of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book <sup>(3)</sup>		
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Other non EEA non Emerging countries								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y									
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Asia (includes Angola)	157	157	157	140	0	17		
1Y		545	545	545	489	0	56		
2Y		398	398	398	398	0	0		
3Y		75	75	75	75	0	0		
5Y		131	131	131	131	0	0		
10Y		81	81	81	81	0	0		
15Y	0	0	0	0	0	0			
		1,386	1,386	1,386	1,314	0	73	0	
3M	Middle and South America	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
2Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
5Y		251	0	251	251	0	0		
10Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
15Y	0	0	0	0	0	0			
		251	0	251	251	0	0	0	
3M	Eastern Europe non EEA								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y									
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Others	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
2Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
5Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
10Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
15Y	37	37	37	0	0	0			
		37	37	37	0	0	0	0	
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>7.163</b>	<b>2.697</b>	<b>7.163</b>	<b>5.758</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>0</b>	

**Notes and definitions**

- (1) The allocation of countries and exposures to macro areas and emerging/non-emerging is according to the IMF WEO country groupings. See: <http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2010/01/weodata/groups.htm>
- (2) The exposures reported in this worksheet cover only exposures to central and local governments on immediate borrower basis, and do not include exposures to other counterparties with full or partial government guarantees (such exposures are however included in the total EAD reported in the worksheet "4 - EADs").
- (3) According to the EBA methodologies, for the trading book assets banks have been allowed to offset only cash short positions having the same maturities (paragraph 202 of the Methodological note).