



EBA staff presentation

- Overview of the draft ITS
- Quantitative and qualitative disclosures proposed

Floor for discussion



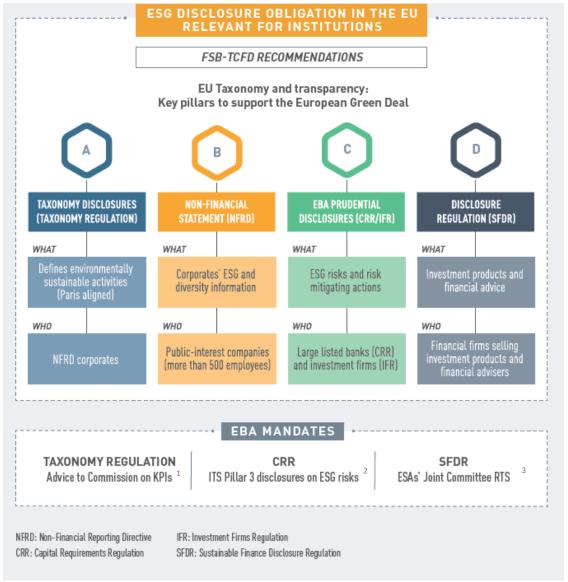
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ESG disclosures in the EU: financial institutions





^{1.01} March 2021 - EBA Opinion: Advice to Commission on KPIs and methodology for disclosures under Art.8 Taxonomy by credit institutions and investment firms

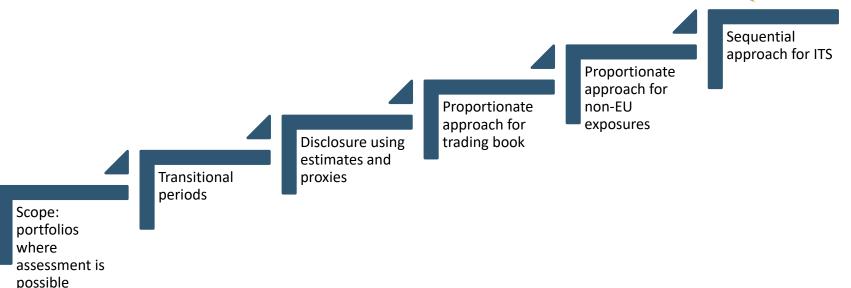
^{2.}01 March 2021 – EBA Consultation paper on draft ITS on Pillar 3 disclosures on ESG risks

^{3.} 04 February 2021 – ESAs' Joint RTS on ESG disclosure standards for financial market participants

Proportionality – Proposals to facilitate quantitative disclosures



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- Scope of disclosures covering relevant portfolios where assessment is possible and meaningful information is or will be available
- Definition of transitional periods, taken into account data gaps and the need for institutions to develop methodologies, and allowing disclosures in terms of estimates and ranges calculated using proxies
- Proportionate approach for the disclosure of information on the trading book, where a threshold is specified to delimit which institutions have to disclose this information;
- Proportionate approach for the disclosure of information on taxonomy alignment for non-EU exposures,
 applicable to institutions with non-EU subsidiaries, 'on a best effort basis' and in terms of estimates and ranges.
- Seguential approach for the implementation of disclosures on ESG risks under Article 449a CRR

ESG related disclosures

Summary of ESG disclosures-Pillar 3 (EBA draft ITS)



	WHAT TO DISCLOSE?	EXAMPLES OF DISCLOSURES
RISK DISCLOSURES	CLIMATE CHANGE TRANSITION RISK Information to sectors or assets that may highly contribute to climate change	 Exposures to fossil fuel companies excluded from sustainable climate benchmarks, and to other carbon-related sectors For real estate exposures, distribution of the exposures by energy performance of the collatera
	CLIMATE CHANGE PHYSICAL RISK Risk exposures subject to extreme weather events (sector/geography)	 Assets subject to impact from chronic climate change events by sector and geography Assets subject to impact from acute climate change events by sector and geography
MITIGATING ACTIONS	Actions that support counterparties in the transition to a carbon neutral economy but that do not meet taxonomy criteria	Building renovation loans that improve the energy efficiency of the building but do not meet the taxonomy screening criteria
	Actions that support counterparties in the adaptation to climate change but that do not meet taxonomy criteria	Loans to build barriers against flooding, or water management mechanisms against draughts but to not meet the taxonomy screening criteria
GREEN ASSET RATIO	Information on exposures towards taxonomy-aligned activities consistent with Paris Agreement goals that contribute substantially to climate change mitigation (CCM) and adaptation (CCA), including information on transitional and enabling activities	 Contributing to CCM: Generation of renewable energy Enabling CCM: Manufacture of renewable energy technologies Contributing to CCA: Afforestation Enabling CCA: Engineering activities for adaptation to climate change

QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES Qualitative information on environmental, social and governance risks

- ▶ Governance arrangements
- ▶ Business model and strategy
- ▶ Risk management

Also in the advice



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Quantitative templates proposed



Consultation paper on draft Pillar 3 ESG ITS – Disclosure quantitative templates on climate change

Climate change Transition risk

Climate change Physical risk

Mitigating actions

Corporate exposures in the banking book towards NACE sectors:

- that highly contribute to climate change,
- towards fossil fuel companies
- and towards other carbon related sectors,

based on classifications specified in the EU climate transition benchmarks Regulation and related delegated acts, including information on scope 3 emissions

Banking book exposures by sensitive geographies and sectors (acute and chronic physical risk) GAR –
Taxonomy
aligned
exposures
that
contribute
or enable
climate
change
mitigation/a
daptation

Other
actions that
contribute/
enable
climate
change
mitigation/a
daptation
but do not
meet
taxonomy
criteria

Template 1:
Banking
book Quality of
exposures
by sector

Template 2: Banking book -Maturity buckets Template 3: Loans collateralise d by immovable property – by EPC

Template 4: Alignment metrics on relative scope 3 emissions Template 5 Exposures
in the
banking
book to top
carbonintensive
firms

Template 6 -Trading book portfolio Template 7 Banking
book,
exposures
subject to
physical risk

Templates 8 and 9 on GAR

Template 10 on other climate change mitigation actions

Common with disclosures in Advice Art. 8 of Taxonomy

"Green" disclosure metrics - GAR



Total on-balance
sheet eligible
exposures

Exposures funding economic activities in sectors covered by the taxonomy





- GAR on activities aligned with the taxonomy for the objectives of climate change mitigation and adaptation
- Identification of taxonomy aligned activities for NFCs:
 - specialised lending: based on the economic activity funded (including but not only green bonds)
 - General purpose lending: based on the counterparty overall taxonomy alignment (using counterparty data, percentage of turnover alignment in case of NFC)
- Identification of taxonomy aligned exposures Retail and SME real estate/ car loans: Based on alignment with the taxonomy screening criteria of the energy performance certificate of the underlying asset (EPC)
- Identification of taxonomy aligned activities for financial institutions: based on the counterparty overall taxonomy alignment (using counterparty public data)
- Total GAR for stock (all eligible exposures as of reference date) and flows (during the disclosure period), differentiating between transitional and enabling activities

Qualitative tables



Consultation paper on draft Pillar 3 ESG ITS – Disclosure qualitative information ESG risks

Table 1 - Qualitative information on Environmental risk

Table 2 - Qualitative information on Social risk

Table 3 - Qualitative information on Governance risk

Governance arrangements

Business model and strategy

Risk management

- responsibilities of management body, integration on organizational arrangements, remuneration policy, other arrangements
- Adjustment of business strategy; Objectives, targets and limits, including in terms of GAR; Policies and procedures relating to engagement with customers
- Information on processes to identify/monitor risk sensitive sectors and exposures; Limits, controls and Forward looking information; stress test and scenario analysis



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PRESENTATION TITLE

Topics for discussion



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Discussion is organised in three blocks, which will be discussed consecutively:

- Risk disclosures, including:
 - climate change transition risk (templates 1 to 6)
 - climate change physical risk (templates 7, both simplified and extended version)
- Green asset ratio (templates 8 and 9) and other mitigating measures (template 10)
- Qualitative disclosures (tables 1, 2 and 3)

Attendees are kindly asked to request floor to speak through the chat, in order to raise verbally their comments and questions pertinent to the block that is being discussed at each moment.

Alternatively, questions and comments for each block can be written in the chat, although we will go to speakers' questions first.

PRESENTATION TITLE

