TOWARDS INTEGRATION WITH

DPM standard

European Banking Authority | EIOPA European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority | EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK

JULY 2026

DPM metamodel 2.1

Unlock efficiencies and future-proof the EU reporting frameworks

The DPM Alliance continues to advance the DPM metamodel with the introduction of DPM 2.1. It marks a significant milestone in the EU's path towards more efficient and integrated supervisory and regulatory processes across the financial sector.

This release focused on introducing the metamodel capabilities required to support the representation of the ESCB's IReF and its integration with prudential and resolution reporting.

The Data Point Model (DPM) Alliance is a joint initiative of the **EBA, the EIOPA and the ECB** that works to make statistical, supervisory and resolution reporting across the EU **simpler, smarter and more proportionate**

The DPM metamodel 2.1:

- Provides stronger support to different **data modelling approaches** across sectors;
- Extends the **Data Dictionary model** with enhanced semantic capabilities;
- Supports **automation and machine-readable implementation** of regulatory reporting frameworks;
- Advances the shared objective of making financial reporting **simpler, more integrated and more proportionate;**
- Strengthens **consistency, interoperability, data sharing and future readiness** across the EU regulatory reporting ecosystem.

Key enhancements

Extensions to fit IReF requirements

Regex [1] support for Property values	Users can define common constraints for the values of each Property. For example, a LEI code must consist of exactly 20 alphanumeric characters.
Specification and breakdown of Compound Properties	Users can link Properties to related properties or items. For example, "LEI of the Counterparty" combines the "LEI" Property with the "Counterparty" Item.

Improvements based on experience

Versioning control of Item Name and Description	Users can manage versions of Item Names and Descriptions across releases while maintaining a complete history of all changes.

Other changes: improve the hosting of logical models; use of "Name" instead of "Label"; enhanced Data Management Lifecycle identification; explicit domain hierarchies; framework identification and JSON [2] taxonomy per Module version.

Footnotes

1: Regex (short for "regular expression") is a standard pattern-matching syntax used to define and check the format of a data value (for example, the number and type of characters it must contain).

2: JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) is a lightweight, widely used format for structuring data so it can be easily read and exchanged between computer systems.

Implementation and adoption considerations

The new release will be **fully compatible with existing DPM-based implementations.** Additional efforts will be required only to incorporate the new features once corresponding data-definition content becomes available. A 60-day public consultation on DPM 2.1 will run until September 2026. **The final publication release is planned for the last quarter of 2026**, enabling stakeholders to adopt the new features while keeping existing implementations fully operational.

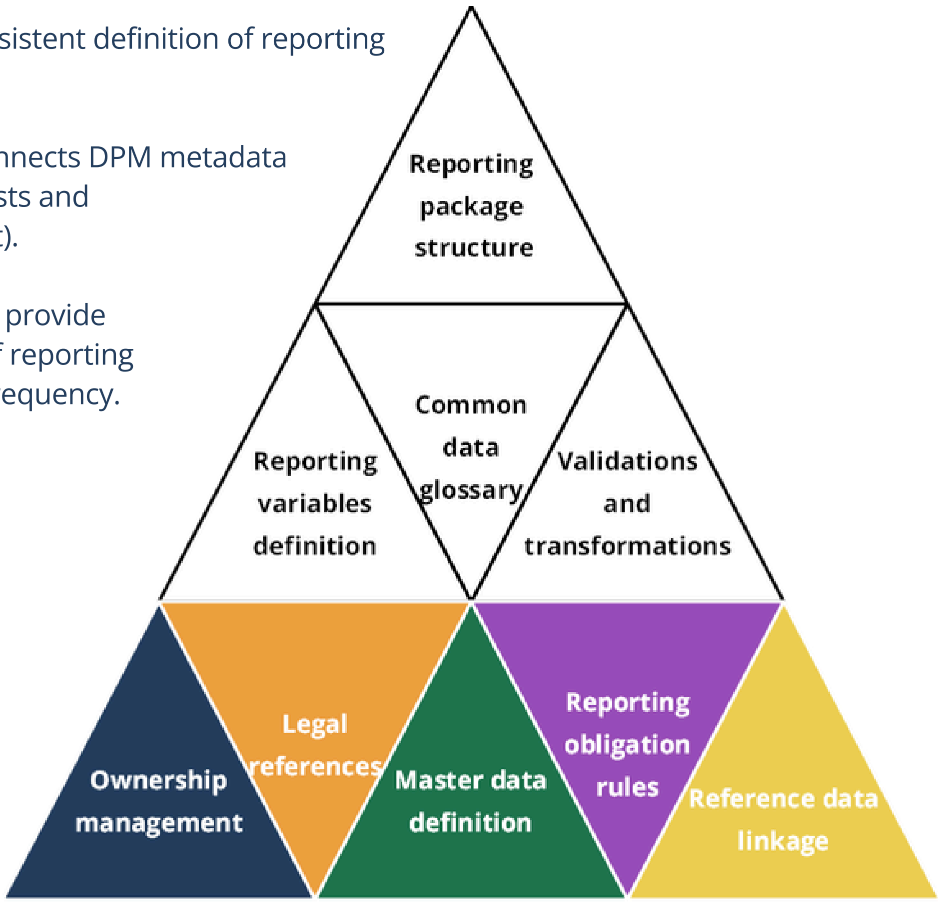
Supporting documentation is available at EBA DPM data dictionary, EIOPA Supervisory Reporting and ECB IReF.

Upcoming milestones

The envisaged evolution of the DPM Metamodel extends the original four building blocks to support a more interoperable, legally grounded, and multi-authority reporting ecosystem, and the future Common Data Dictionary.

The new capabilities strengthen governance, traceability, and integration through:

- **Ownership** → clear responsibility for each metadata item in a multi-owner environment.
- **Legal References** → direct traceability to the legal sources of reporting requirements.
- **Master Data Definition** → consistent definition of reporting subjects across domains.
- **Reference Data Linkage** → connects DPM metadata to authoritative external code lists and classifications (e.g. ISO, Eurostat).
- **Reporting Obligation Rules** → provide machine-readable definitions of reporting requirements, conditions and frequency.



This work will continue in close collaboration with European supervisory authorities and reporting institutions, advancing on harmonisation and efficiency in regulatory reporting.