

## Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Summary <sup>(1-3)</sup>

Name of the bank: Swedbank AB (publ)

Actual results at 31 December 2010	million EUR, %
Operating profit before impairments	1,427
Impairment losses on financial and non-financial assets in the banking book	-372
Risk weighted assets <sup>(4)</sup>	84,347
Core Tier 1 capital <sup>(4)</sup>	7,352
Core Tier 1 capital ratio, % <sup>(4)</sup>	8.7%
<b>Additional capital needed to reach a 5 % Core Tier 1 capital benchmark</b>	

Outcomes of the adverse scenario at 31 December 2012, excluding all mitigating actions taken in 2011	%
Core Tier 1 Capital ratio	9.4%

Outcomes of the adverse scenario at 31 December 2012, including recognised mitigating measures as of 30 April 2011	million EUR, %
2 yr cumulative operating profit before impairments	2,641
2 yr cumulative impairment losses on financial and non-financial assets in the banking book	-1,167
2 yr cumulative losses from the stress in the trading book	-144
<i>of which valuation losses due to sovereign shock</i>	-35
Risk weighted assets	83,966
Core Tier 1 Capital	7,905
<b>Core Tier 1 Capital ratio (%)</b>	<b>9.4%</b>
<b>Additional capital needed to reach a 5 % Core Tier 1 capital benchmark</b>	

Effects from the recognised mitigating measures put in place until 30 April 2011 <sup>(5)</sup>
<i>Equity raisings announced and fully committed between 31 December 2010 and 30 April 2011 (CT1 million EUR)</i>
<i>Effect of government support publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on Core Tier 1 capital ratio (percentage points of CT1 ratio)</i>
<i>Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on Core Tier 1 capital ratio (percentage points of CT1 ratio)</i>

Additional taken or planned mitigating measures	percentage points contributing to capital ratio
Use of provisions and/or other reserves (including release of countercyclical provisions)	
Divestments and other management actions taken by 30 April 2011	
Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also future mandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules	
Future planned issuances of common equity instruments (private issuances)	
Future planned government subscriptions of capital instruments (including hybrids)	
Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as appropriate back-stop measures by national supervisory authorities	
Supervisory recognised capital ratio after all current and future mitigating actions as of 31 December 2012, % <sup>(6)</sup>	9.4%

### Notes

- (1) The stress test was carried using the EBA common methodology, which includes a static balance sheet assumption and incorporates regulatory transitional floors, where binding (see <http://www.eba.europa.eu/EU-wide-stress-testing/2011.aspx> for the details on the EBA methodology).
- (2) All capital elements and ratios are presented in accordance with the EBA definition of Core Tier 1 capital set up for the purposes of the EU-wide stress test, and therefore may differ from the definitions used by national supervisory authorities and/or reported by institutions in public disclosures.
- (3) Neither baseline scenario nor the adverse scenario and results of the stress test should in any way be construed as a bank's forecast or directly compared to bank's other published information.
- (4) Full static balance sheet assumption excluding any mitigating management actions, mandatory restructuring or capital raisings post 31 December 2010 (all government support measures and capital raisings fully paid in before 31 December 2010 are included).
- (5) Effects of capital raisings, government support and mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011, which are incorporated in the Core Tier 1 capital ratio reported as the outcome of the stress test.
- (6) The supervisory recognised capital ratio computed on the basis of additional mitigating measures presented in this section. The ratio is based primarily on the EBA definition, but may include other mitigating measures not recognised by the EBA methodology as having impacts in the Core Tier 1 capital, but which are considered by the national supervisory authorities as appropriate mitigating measures for the stressed conditions. Where applicable, such measures are explained in the additional announcements issued by banks/national supervisory authorities. Details of all mitigating measures are presented in the worksheet "3 - Mitigating measures).

## Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Aggregate information and evolution of capital <sup>(1-4)</sup>

Name of the bank: Swedbank AB (publ)

All in million EUR, or %

A. Results of the stress test based on the full static balance sheet assumption without any mitigating actions, mandatory restructuring or capital raisings post 31 December 2010 (all government support measures fully paid in before 31 December 2010 are included)

Capital adequacy	2010	Baseline scenario		Adverse scenario	
		2011	2012	2011	2012
Risk weighted assets (full static balance sheet assumption)	84,347	84,573	84,207	84,558	83,966
Common equity according to EBA definition	7,352	7,792	8,284	7,662	7,905
<i>of which ordinary shares subscribed by government</i>					
Other existing subscribed government capital (before 31 December 2010)					
Core Tier 1 capital (full static balance sheet assumption)	7,352	7,792	8,284	7,662	7,905
<b>Core Tier 1 capital ratio (%)</b>	<b>8.7%</b>	<b>9.2%</b>	<b>9.8%</b>	<b>9.1%</b>	<b>9.4%</b>

B. Results of the stress test recognising capital issuance and mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010

Capital adequacy	2010	Baseline scenario		Adverse scenario	
		2011	2012	2011	2012
Risk weighted assets (full static balance sheet assumption)	84,347	84,573	84,207	84,558	83,966
<i>Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010 on RWA (+/-)</i>					
Risk weighted assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	84,347	84,573	84,207	84,558	83,966
Core Tier 1 Capital (full static balance sheet assumption)	7,352	7,792	8,284	7,662	7,905
<i>Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010 on Core Tier 1 capital (+/-)</i>					
Core Tier 1 capital after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	7,352	7,792	8,284	7,662	7,905
<b>Core Tier 1 capital ratio (%)</b>	<b>8.7%</b>	<b>9.2%</b>	<b>9.8%</b>	<b>9.1%</b>	<b>9.4%</b>

C. Results of the stress test recognising capital issuance and mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 30 April 2011

Capital adequacy	2010	Baseline scenario		Adverse scenario	
		2011	2012	2011	2012
Risk weighted assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	84,347	84,573	84,207	84,558	83,966
<i>Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on RWA (+/-)</i>					
Risk weighted assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 30 April 2011		84,573	84,207	84,558	83,966
<i>of which RWA in banking book</i>		73,576	73,176	73,529	72,845
<i>of which RWA in trading book</i>		4,117	4,117	4,117	4,117
<i>RWA on securitisation positions (banking and trading book)</i>		63	82	98	182
Total assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed and equity raised and fully committed by 30 April 2011	191,365	191,365	191,365	191,365	191,365
Core Tier 1 capital after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	7,352	7,792	8,284	7,662	7,905
<i>Equity raised between 31 December 2010 and 30 April 2011</i>					
<i>Equity raisings fully committed (but not paid in) between 31 December 2010 and 30 April 2011</i>					
<i>Effect of government support publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on Core Tier 1 capital (+/-)</i>					
<i>Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on Core Tier 1 capital (+/-)</i>					
Core Tier 1 capital after government support, capital raisings and effects of restructuring plans fully committed by 30 April 2011		7,792	8,284	7,662	7,905
<i>Tier 1 capital after government support, capital raisings and effects of restructuring plans fully committed by 30 April 2011</i>		9,628	10,121	9,499	9,741
<i>Total regulatory capital after government support, capital raisings and effects of restructuring plans fully committed by 30 April 2011</i>		10,708	10,257	10,578	9,877
<b>Core Tier 1 capital ratio (%)</b>	<b>8.7%</b>	<b>9.2%</b>	<b>9.8%</b>	<b>9.1%</b>	<b>9.4%</b>
<b>Additional capital needed to reach a 5% Core Tier 1 capital benchmark</b>					

Profit and losses	2010	Baseline scenario		Adverse scenario	
		2011	2012	2011	2012
Net interest income	1,821	1,881	1,985	1,791	1,821
Trading income	268	227	227	177	177
<i>of which trading losses from stress scenarios</i>		-22	-22	-72	-72
<i>of which valuation losses due to sovereign shock</i>				-17	-17
Other operating income <sup>(5)</sup>	243	243	243	243	243
Operating profit before impairments	1,427	1,445	1,549	1,305	1,336
<i>Impairments on financial and non-financial assets in the banking book <sup>(6)</sup></i>	-372	-274	-235	-479	-688
Operating profit after impairments and other losses from the stress	1,054	1,171	1,314	826	647
Other income <sup>(5,8)</sup>	0	0	0	0	0
Net profit after tax <sup>(7)</sup>	779	878	985	619	486
<i>of which carried over to capital (retained earnings)</i>	501	439	493	310	243
<i>of which distributed as dividends</i>	278	439	493	310	243

Additional information	2010	Baseline scenario		Adverse scenario	
		2011	2012	2011	2012
Deferred Tax Assets <sup>(8)</sup>	136	136	136	136	136
Stock of provisions <sup>(9)</sup>	2,447	2,721	2,956	2,926	3,614
of which stock of provisions for non-defaulted assets	454	454	454	454	454
of which Sovereigns <sup>(10)</sup>	0	0	0	0	0
of which Institutions <sup>(10)</sup>	2	2	2	2	2
of which Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	165	165	165	165	165
of which Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	183	183	183	183	183
of which Commercial real estate <sup>(11)</sup>	103	103	103	103	103
of which stock of provisions for defaulted assets	1,993	2,267	2,502	2,472	3,160
of which Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	1,080	1,191	1,292	1,217	1,404
of which Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	343	421	480	470	706
of which Commercial real estate	552	617	673	690	843
Coverage ratio (%) <sup>(12)</sup>					
Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	56.9%	52.2%	49.1%	54.0%	51.6%
Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	47.8%	42.5%	39.4%	42.2%	39.1%
Commercial real estate	50.6%	49.7%	49.1%	49.0%	47.9%
Loss rates (%) <sup>(13)</sup>					
Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.5%
Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%
Commercial real estate	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.8%	0.9%
Funding cost (bps)	157			247	362

#### D. Other mitigating measures (see Mitigating measures worksheet for details), million EUR <sup>(14)</sup>

All effects as compared to regulatory aggregates as reported in Section C	Baseline scenario		Adverse scenario	
	2011	2012	2011	2012
A) Use of provisions and/or other reserves (including release of countercyclical provisions), capital ratio effect <sup>(6)</sup>				
B) Divestments and other management actions taken by 30 April 2011, RWA effect (+/-)				
B1) Divestments and other business decisions taken by 30 April 2011, capital ratio effect (+/-)				
C) Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also future mandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules, RWA effect (+/-)				
C1) Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also future mandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules, capital ratio effect (+/-)				
D) Future planned issuances of common equity instruments (private issuances), capital ratio effect				
E) Future planned government subscriptions of capital instruments (including hybrids), capital ratio effect				
F) Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as appropriate back-stop measures by national supervisory authorities, RWA effect (+/-)				
F1) Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as appropriate back-stop measures by national supervisory authorities, capital ratio effect (+/-)				
Risk weighted assets after other mitigating measures (B+C+F)	84,573	84,207	84,558	83,966
Capital after other mitigating measures (A+B1+C1+D+E+F1)	7,792	8,284	7,662	7,905
<b>Supervisory recognised capital ratio (%) <sup>(15)</sup></b>	<b>9.2%</b>	<b>9.8%</b>	<b>9.1%</b>	<b>9.4%</b>

#### Notes and definitions

(1) The stress test was carried using the EBA common methodology, which includes a static balance sheet assumption (see <http://www.eba.europa.eu/EU-wide-stress-testing/2011.aspx> for the details on the EBA methodology).

(2) All capital elements and ratios are presented in accordance with the EBA definition of Core Tier 1 capital set up for the purposes of the EU-wide stress test, and therefore may differ from the definitions used by national supervisory authorities and/or reported by institutions in public disclosures.

(3) Neither baseline scenario nor the adverse scenario and results of the stress test should in any way be construed as a bank's forecast or directly compared to bank's other published information.

(4) Regulatory transitional floors are applied where binding. RWA for credit risk have been calculated in accordance with the EBA methodology assuming an additional floor imposed at a level of RWA, before regulatory transitional floors, for December 2010 for both IRB and STA portfolios.

(5) Banks are required to provide explanations of what "Other operating income" and "Other income" constitutes for.

**Composition of "Other income": None**

**Composition of "Other operating income": Consists of net gains and losses on financial operations, share of profit or loss of associates and other income (real estate activities, sold inventories, it services and other operating income)**

(6) If under the national legislation, the release of countercyclical provisions and/or other similar reserves is allowed, this figure for 2010 could be included either in rows "Impairments on financial assets in the banking book" or "Other income" for 2010, whereas under the EU-wide stress test methodology such release for 2011-2012 should be reported in Section D as other mitigating measures.

(7) Net profit includes profit attributable to minority interests.

(8) Deferred tax assets as referred to in paragraph 69 of BCBS publication dated December 2010: "Basel 3 – a global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems".

(9) Stock of provisions includes collective and specific provisions as well as countercyclical provisions, in the jurisdictions, where required by the national legislation.

(10) Provisions for non-defaulted exposures to sovereigns and financial institutions have been computed taking into account benchmark risk parameters (PDs and LGDs) provided by the EBA and referring to external credit ratings and assuming hypothetical scenario of rating agency downgrades of sovereigns.

(11) For definition of commercial real estate please refer to footnote (5) in the worksheet "4 - EADs".

(12) Coverage ratio = stock of provisions on defaulted assets / stock of defaulted assets expressed in EAD for the specific portfolio.

(13) Loss rate = total impairment flow (specific and collective impairment flow) for a year / total EAD for the specific portfolio (including defaulted and non-defaulted assets but excluding securitisation and counterparty credit risk exposures).

(14) All elements are reported net of tax effects.

(15) The supervisory recognised capital ratio computed on the basis of additional mitigating measures presented in this section. The ratio is based primarily on the EBA definition, but may include other mitigating measures not recognised by the EBA methodology as having impacts in the Core Tier 1 capital, but which are considered by the national supervisory authorities as appropriate mitigating measures for the stressed conditions. Where applicable, such measures are explained in the additional announcements issued by banks/national supervisory authorities. Details of all mitigating measures are presented in the worksheet "3 - Mitigating measures".

## Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Composition of capital as of 31 December 2010

Name of the bank: Swedbank AB (publ)

Situation at December 2010	December 2010		References to COREP reporting
	Million EUR	% RWA	
<b>A) Common equity before deductions (Original own funds <u>without hybrid instruments and government support measures other than ordinary shares</u>) (+)</b>	<b>7416</b>	8.8%	COREP CA 1.1 - hybrid instruments and government support measures other than ordinary shares
Of which: (+) eligible capital and reserves	9198	10.9%	COREP CA 1.1.1 + COREP line 1.1.2.1
Of which: (-) intangibles assets (including goodwill)	-1782	-2.1%	Net amount included in T1 own funds (COREP line 1.1.5.1)
Of which: (-/+) adjustment to valuation differences in other AFS assets <sup>(1)</sup>			Prudential filters for regulatory capital (COREP line 1.1.2.6.06)
<b>B) Deductions from common equity (Elements deducted from original own funds) (-)</b>	<b>-64</b>	-0.1%	COREP CA 1.3.T1* (negative amount)
Of which: (-) deductions of participations and subordinated claims	-4	0.0%	Total of items as defined by Article 57 (l), (m), (n) (o) and (p) of Directive 2006/48/EC and deducted from original own funds (COREP lines from 1.3.1 to 1.3.5 included in line 1.3.T1*)
Of which: (-) securitisation exposures not included in RWA			COREP line 1.3.7 included in line 1.3.T1*
Of which: (-) IRB provision shortfall and IRB equity expected loss amounts (before tax)	-60	-0.1%	As defined by Article 57 (q) of Directive 2006/48/EC (COREP line 1.3.8 included in 1.3.T1*)
<b>C) Common equity (A+B)</b>	<b>7352</b>	8.7%	
Of which: ordinary shares subscribed by government			Paid up ordinary shares subscribed by government
<b>D) Other Existing government support measures (+)</b>			
<b>E) Core Tier 1 including existing government support measures (C+D)</b>	<b>7352</b>	8.7%	Common equity + Existing government support measures included in T1 other than ordinary shares
<b>Difference from benchmark capital threshold (CT1 5%)</b>	<b>3135</b>	3.7%	Core tier 1 including government support measures - (RWA*5%)
<b>F) Hybrid instruments not subscribed by government</b>	<b>1837</b>	2.2%	Net amount included in T1 own funds (COREP line 1.1.4.1a + COREP lines from 1.1.2.2**01 to 1.1.2.2**05 + COREP line 1.1.5.2a (negative amount)) not subscribed by government
<b>Tier 1 Capital (E+F) (Total original own funds for general solvency purposes)</b>	<b>9189</b>	10.9%	COREP CA 1.4 = COREP CA 1.1 + COREP CA 1.3.T1* (negative amount)
<b>Tier 2 Capital (Total additional own funds for general solvency purposes)</b>	<b>2253</b>	2.7%	COREP CA 1.5
<b>Tier 3 Capital (Total additional own funds specific to cover market risks)</b>			COREP CA 1.6
<b>Total Capital (Total own funds for solvency purposes)</b>	<b>11118</b>	13.2%	COREP CA 1
<b>Memorandum items</b>			
Amount of holdings, participations and subordinated claims in credit, financial and insurance institutions <u>not deducted for the computation of core tier 1</u> but deducted for the computation of total own funds	324	0.4%	Total of items as defined by Article 57 (l), (m), (n) (o) and (p) of Directive 2006/48/EC not deducted for the computation of original own funds
Amount of securitisation exposures not included in RWA and <u>not deducted for the computation of core tier 1</u> but deducted for the computation of total own funds			Total of items as defined by Article 57 (r) of Directive 2006/48/EC not deducted for the computation of original own funds
Deferred tax assets <sup>(2)</sup>	136	0.2%	As referred to in paragraph 69 of BCBS publication dated December 2010 : "Basel 3 – a global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems"
Minority interests (excluding hybrid instruments) <sup>(2)</sup>	218	0.3%	Gross amount of minority interests as defined by Article 65 1. (a) of Directive 2006/48/EC
Valuation differences eligible as original own funds (-/+) <sup>(3)</sup>			COREP line 1.1.2.6

### Notes and definitions

(1) The amount is already included in the computation of the eligible capital and reserves and it is provided separately for information purposes.

(2) According to the Basel 3 framework specific rules apply for the treatment of these items under the Basel 3 framework, no full deduction is required for the computation of common equity.

(3) This item represents the impact in original own funds of valuation differences arising from the application of fair value measurement to certain financial instruments (AFS/FVO) and property assets after the application of prudential filters.

## Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Overview of mitigating measures <sup>(1-2)</sup>

Name of the bank: Swedbank AB (publ)

### Use of countercyclical provisions, divestments and other management actions

<i>Please fill in the table using a separate row for each measure</i>	Narrative description	Date of completion (actual or planned for future issuances)	Capital / P&L impact (in million EUR)	RWA impact (in million EUR)	Capital ratio impact (as of 31 December 2012) %
<b>A) Use of provisions and/or other reserves</b> (including release of countercyclical provisions), <sup>(3)</sup>					
<b>B) Divestments and other management actions taken by 30 April 2011</b>					
1)					
2)					
<b>C) Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also future mandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules</b>					
1)					
2)					

### Future capital raisings and other back stop measures

<i>Please fill in the table using a separate row for each measure</i>	Date of issuance (actual or planned for future issuances, dd/mm/yy)	Amount (in million EUR)	Maturity (dated/ undated) <sup>(4)</sup>	Loss absorbency in going concern (Yes/No)	Flexibility of payments (capacity to (Yes/No)	Permanence (Undated and without incentive to redeem) (Yes/No)	Conversion clause (where appropriate)			
							Nature of conversion (mandatory/ discretionary)	Date of conversion (at any time/from a specific date: dd/mm/yy)	Triggers (description of the triggers)	Conversion in common equity (Yes/No)
<b>D) Future planned issuances of common equity instruments (private issuances)</b>										
<b>E) Future planned government subscriptions of capital instruments (including hybrids)</b>										
1) Denomination of the instrument										
2)										
<b>F) Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as back stop measures by national supervisory authorities (including hybrids)</b>										
1) Denomination of the instrument										
2)										

#### Notes and definitions

(1) The order of the measures follows the order of mitigating measures reported in the Section D of the worksheet "1 - Aggregate information".

(2) All elements are reported net of tax effects.

(3) If under the national legislation, the release of countercyclical provisions and/or other similar reserves is allowed, this figure for 2010 could be included either in rows "Impairments on financial assets in the banking book" or "Other income" for 2010, whereas under the EU-wide stress test methodology such release for 2011-2012 should be reported in Section D of the worksheet "1- Aggregate information" as other mitigating measures and explained in this worksheet.

(4) If dated please insert the maturity date (dd/mm/yy) otherwise specify undated.

Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Credit risk exposures (EAD - exposure at default), as of 31 December 2010, mln EUR, <sup>(1-9)</sup>

Name of the bank: Swedbank AB (publ)

All values in million EUR, or %

	Non-defaulted exposures										Defaulted exposures (excluding sovereign)	Total exposures <sup>(7)</sup>
	Institutions	Corporate (excluding commercial real estate)	Retail (excluding commercial real estate)					Commercial Real Estate				
			of which Residential mortgages	of which Revolving	of which SME	of which other	Loan to Value (LTV) ratio (%) <sup>(6)</sup>					
			of which Loan to Value (LTV) ratio (%) <sup>(6)</sup>									
Austria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Belgium	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Bulgaria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cyprus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Czech Republic	43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43
Denmark	664	18	77	33				44	3			784
Estonia	321	1,685	3,327	2,602	86	0	229	496	1,055		546	7,816
Finland	324	28	0	0				0	0		0	4,141
France	0	0	0	0				0	0		0	0
Germany	683	0	0	0				0	0		0	683
Greece	0	0	0	0				0	0		0	0
Hungary	6	0	0	0				0	0		0	6
Iceland												0
Ireland	21	0	0	0				0	0		0	21
Italy	5	0	0	0				0	0		0	5
Latvia	32	796	2,014	1,506	161	0	142	366	870		1,260	5,652
Liechtenstein												0
Lithuania	186	1,073	2,000	1,510	97	0	164	326	630		737	5,078
Luxembourg	8	0	63	18				45	0		0	71
Malta	0	0	0	0				0	0		0	0
Netherlands	206	0	0	0				0	0		0	206
Norway	1,267	2,141	175	0				175	0		34	3,832
Poland	0	0	0	0				0	0		0	0
Portugal	0	0	0	0				0	0		0	0
Romania	19	0	0	0				0	0		0	19
Slovakia	0	0	0	0				0	0		0	0
Slovenia	0	0	0	0				0	0		0	0
Spain	3	0	0	0				0	0		0	3
Sweden	10,166	27,817	81,900	63,823	63	0	12,638	5,439	12,510	67	740	141,082
United Kingdom	1,872	0	0	0				0	0		0	1,872
United States	293	686	0	0				0	0		272	1,310
Japan	4	0	0	0				0	0		0	4
Other non EEA non Emerging countries								0				0
Asia	223	0	0	0				0	0		0	223
Middle and South America	19	0	0	0				0	0		0	19
Eastern Europe non EEA	898	185	331	302				29	468		332	2,282
Others	88	0	0	0				0	0		0	194
<b>Total</b>	<b>17,358</b>	<b>34,429</b>	<b>89,887</b>	<b>69,795</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>13,174</b>	<b>6,919</b>	<b>15,537</b>		<b>3,920</b>	<b>175,355</b>

Notes and definitions

(1) EAD - Exposure at Default or exposure value in the meaning of the CRD.

(2) The EAD reported here are based on the methodologies and portfolio breakdowns used in the 2011 EU-wide stress test, and hence may differ from the EAD reported by banks in their Pillar 3 disclosures, which can vary based on national regulation. For example, this would affect breakdown of EAD for real estate exposures and SME exposures.

(3) Breakdown by country and macro area (e.g. Asia) when EAD >=5%. In any case coverage 100% of total EAD should be ensured (if exact mapping of some exposures to geographies is not possible, they should be allocated to the group "others").

(4) The allocation of countries and exposures to macro areas and emerging/non-emerging is according to the IMF WEO country groupings. See: <http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2010/01/weodata/groups.htm>

(5) Residential real estate property which is or will be occupied or let by the owner, or the beneficial owner in the case of personal investment companies, and commercial real estate property, that is, offices and other commercial premises, which are recognised as eligible collateral in the meaning of the CRD, with the following criteria, which need to be met:

(a) the value of the property does not materially depend upon the credit quality of the obligor. This requirement does not preclude situations where purely macro economic factors affect both the value of the property and the performance of the borrower; and

(b) the risk of the borrower does not materially depend upon the performance of the underlying property or project, but rather on the underlying capacity of the borrower to repay the debt from other sources. As such, repayment of the facility does not materially depend on any cash flow generated by the underlying property serving as collateral.

(6) Loan to value ratio - ratio of EAD to the market value of real estate used as collateral for such exposures. Given the different methodologies applied to assessing the value, the bank is required to explain the computation of the ratio. In particular

(a) whether collateral values is marked-to-market or any other valuation method is used, (b) whether the amount has been adjusted for principal repayments, and (c) how guarantees other than the underlying property are treated.

Definition of Loan to Value ratio used: Average LTV in Swedbank is calculated as an exposure weighted average of LTVs. Collateral values are marked to market and updated on a regular basis. The amount is adjusted for principal payments. Calculation of collateral takes into account all real estate properties tied to mortgage contracts but excludes guarantees and other types of collateral.

(7) Total exposures is the total EAD according to the CRD definition based on which the bank computes RWA for credit risk. Total exposures, in addition to the exposures broken down by regulatory portfolios in this table, include EAD for securitisation transactions, counterparty credit risk, sovereigns, guaranteed by sovereigns, public sector entities and central banks.



Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EXPOSURES (accounting value gross of specific provisions)		NET DIRECT POSITIONS (gross exposures (long) net of cash short position of sovereign debt to other counterparties only where there is maturity matching)				DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
			of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book <sup>(9)</sup>		
5Y									
10Y									
15Y									
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	France	343		343		343			
1Y		15		15		15			
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		358	0	358	0	358	0	0	
3M	Germany	56		56		56			
1Y		52		52		52			
2Y		50	0	50		50			
3Y			8	0					
5Y			1	0					
10Y				0					
15Y			23	23	0		0		
3M		181	32	158	0	158	0	0	
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M									
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M									
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M									
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M									
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M									
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M									
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M									
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M									
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M									
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	



Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EXPOSURES (accounting value gross of specific provisions)		NET DIRECT POSITIONS (gross exposures (long) net of cash short position of sovereign debt to other counterparties only where there is maturity matching)				DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK
			of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book <sup>(3)</sup>		
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Liechtenstein								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Lithuania								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Luxembourg								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Malta								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Netherlands	194		194		194			
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		194	0	194	0	194	0	0	
3M	Norway	98	68	24			0		
1Y									
2Y									
3Y			34	34	0			0	
5Y			1	1				0	
10Y			67	0				0	
15Y		27	27	1			0		
		226	130	25	0	0	0	0	
3M	Poland								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Portugal								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EXPOSURES (accounting value gross of specific provisions)		NET DIRECT POSITIONS (gross exposures (long) net of cash short position of sovereign debt to other counterparties only where there is maturity matching)			DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
			of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book		
3M	Romania							
1Y								
2Y								
3Y								
5Y								
10Y								
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Slovakia							
1Y								
2Y								
3Y								
5Y								
10Y								
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Slovenia							
1Y								
2Y								
3Y								
5Y								
10Y								
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Spain							
1Y								
2Y								
3Y								
5Y								
10Y								
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Sweden	262	0	150		112	37	
1Y		1,206	222	592		557	35	
2Y		2,105	1,964	196		141	56	
3Y		0		0				
5Y		1,290	792	448		290	158	
10Y		2,660	1,845	289			289	
15Y	404	181	341			341		
		7,926	5,004	2,016	0	1,100	916	
3M	United Kingdom							
1Y								
2Y								
3Y								
5Y								
10Y								
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	
<b>TOTAL EEA 30</b>		<b>8,931</b>	<b>5,166</b>	<b>2,796</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,855</b>	<b>916</b>	<b>0</b>
3M	United States							
1Y								
2Y								
3Y								
5Y								
10Y								
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Japan							
1Y								
2Y								
3Y								
5Y								
10Y								
15Y								

Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EXPOSURES (accounting value gross of specific provisions)		NET DIRECT POSITIONS (gross exposures (long) net of cash short position of sovereign debt to other counterparties only where there is maturity matching)				DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK
			of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book <sup>(3)</sup>		
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Other non EEA non Emerging countries								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Asia								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Middle and South America								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Eastern Europe non EEA								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M	Others								
1Y									
2Y									
3Y									
5Y									
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>8.931</b>	<b>5.166</b>	<b>2.796</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1.855</b>	<b>916</b>	<b>0</b>	

**Notes and definitions**

(1) The allocation of countries and exposures to macro areas and emerging/non-emerging is according to the IMF WEO country groupings. See: <http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2010/01/weodata/groups.htm>

(2) The exposures reported in this worksheet cover only exposures to central and local governments on immediate borrower basis, and do not include exposures to other counterparties with full or partial government guarantees (such exposures are however included in the total EAD reported in the worksheet "4 - EADs").

(3) According to the EBA methodologies, for the trading book assets banks have been allowed to offset only cash short positions having the same maturities (paragraph 202 of the Methodological note).