Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Summary (1-3)

Name of the bank: Nova kreditna banka Maribor d.d. (NKBM d.d.)

Actual results at 31 December 2010	million EUR, %
Operating profit before impairments	95
Impairment losses on financial and non-financial assets in the banking book	-79
Risk weighted assets ⁽⁴⁾	4.946
Core Tier 1 capital ⁽⁴⁾	366
Core Tier 1 capital ratio, % (4)	7,4%
Additional capital needed to reach a 5 % Core Tier 1 capital benchmark	

Outcomes of the adverse scenario at 31 December 2012, excluding all mitigating actions	%
taken in 2011	
Core Tier 1 Capital ratio	5,9%

Outcomes of the adverse scenario at 31 December 2012, including recognised mitigating measures as of 30 April 2011	million EUR, %
2 yr cumulative operating profit before impairments	150
2 yr cumulative impairment losses on financial and non-financial assets in the banking book	-226
2 yr cumulative losses from the stress in the trading book	0
of which valuation losses due to sovereign shock	0
Risk weighted assets	4.951
Core Tier 1 Capital	396
Core Tier 1 Capital ratio (%)	8,0%
Additional capital needed to reach a 5 % Core Tier 1 capital benchmark	
Effects from the recognised mitigating measures put in place until 30 April 2011 (5)	
Equity raisings announced and fully committed between 31 December 2010 and 30 April 2011 (CT1 million EUR)	104
Effect of government support publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31	
December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on Core Tier 1 capital ratio (percentage points of CT1 ratio)	
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed in period from	
31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on Core Tier 1 capital ratio (percentage points of CT1 ratio)	

Additional taken or planned mitigating measures	percentage points contributing to capital ratio
Use of provisions and/or other reserves (including release of countercyclical provisions)	
Divestments and other management actions taken by 30 April 2011	
Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also future mandatory restructuring	
not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules	
Future planned issuances of common equity instruments (private issuances)	
Future planned government subscriptions of capital instruments (including hybrids)	
Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as appropriate back-stop measures by	
national supervisory authorities	
Supervisory recognised capital ratio after all current and future mitigating actions as of 31	
December 2012, % ⁽⁶⁾	8,0%

Notes

- (1) The stress test was carried using the EBA common methodology, which includes a static balance sheet assumption and incorporates regulatory transitional floors, where binding (see http://www.eba.europa.eu/EU-wide-stress-testing/2011.aspx for the details on the EBA methodology).
- (2) All capital elements and ratios are presented in accordance with the EBA definition of Core Tier 1 capital set up for the purposes of the EU-wide stress test, and therefore may differ from the definitions used by national supervisory authorities and/or reported by institutions in public disclosures.
- (3) Neither baseline scenario nor the adverse scenario and results of the stress test should in any way be construed as a bank's forecast or directly compared to bank's other published information.
- (4) Full static balance sheet assumption excluding any mitigating management actions, mandatory restructuring or capital raisings post 31 December 2010 (all government support measures and capital raisings fully paid in before 31 December 2010 are included).
- (5) Effects of capital raisings, government support and mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011, which are incorporated in the Core Tier 1 capital ratio reported as the outcome of the stress test.
- (6) The supervisory recognised capital ratio computed on the basis of additional mitigating measures presented in this section. The ratio is based primarily on the EBA definition, but may include other mitigating measures not recognised by the EBA methodology as having impacts in the Core Tier 1 capital, but which are considered by the national supervisory authorities as appropriate mitigating measures for the stressed conditions. Where applicable, such measures are explained in the additional announcements issued by banks/national supervisory authorities. Details of all mitigating measures are presented in the worksheet "3 Mitigating measures).

All in million EUR, or %

A. Results of the stress test based on the full static balance sheet assumption without any mitigating actions, mandatory restructuring or capital raisings post 31 December 2010 (all government support measures fully paid in before 31 December 2010 are included)

		Baseline scenario		Baseline scenario Adverse scenario		scenario
Capital adequacy	2010	2011	2012	2011	2012	
Risk weighted assets (full static balance sheet assumption)	4.946	4.952	4.987	4.951	4.951	
Common equity according to EBA definition	366	379	403	302	292	
of which ordinary shares subscribed by government	44	44	44	44	44	
Other existing subscribed government capital (before 31 December 2010)						
Core Tier 1 capital (full static balance sheet assumption)	366	379	403	302	292	
Core Tier 1 capital ratio (%)	7,4%	7,6%	8,1%	6,1%	5,9%	

B. Results of the stress test recognising capital issuance and mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before

		Baseline :	scenario	Adverse	scenario
Capital adequacy	2010	2011	2012	2011	2012
Risk weighted assets (full static balance sheet assumption)	4.946	4.952	4.987	4.951	4.951
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010 on RWA (+/-)					
Risk weighted assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	4.946	4.952	4.987	4.951	4.951
Core Tier 1 Capital (full static balance sheet assumption)	366	379	403	302	292
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010 on Core Tier 1 capital (+/-)					
Core Tier 1 capital after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	366	379	403	302	292
Core Tier 1 capital ratio (%)	7,4%	7,6%	8,1%	6,1%	5,9%

C. Results of the stress test recognising capital issuance and mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 30 April 2011

Capital adequacy		Baseline s	cenario	Adverse scenario	
	2010	2011	2012	2011	2012
Risk weighted assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans					
publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	4.946	4.952	4.987	4.951	4.951
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and					
fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011					
on RWA (+/-)					
Risk weighted assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans					
publicly announced and fully committed before 30 April 2011	_	4.952	4.987	4.951	4.951
of which RWA in banking book	_	4.534	4.570	4.534	4.534
of which RWA in trading book	_	57	57	57	57
RWA on securitisation positions (banking and trading book)					
Total assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly					
announced and fully committed and equity raised and fully committed by					
30 April 2011					
Core Tier 1 capital after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans					
publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	366	379	403	302	292
Equity raised between 31 December 2010 and 30 April 2011		104	104	104	104
Equity raisings fully committed (but not paid in) between 31					
December 2010 and 30 April 2011					
Effect of government support publicly announced and fully					
committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on					
Core Tier 1 capital (+/-)					
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and					
fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011					
on Core Tier 1 capital (+/-)					
Core Tier 1 capital after government support, capital raisings and effects					
of restructuring plans fully committed by 30 April 2011		483	507	406	396
Tier 1 capital after government support, capital raisings and effects of					
restructuring plans fully committed by 30 April 2011		509	533	432	422
Total regulatory capital after government support, capital raisings and					
effects of restructuring plans fully committed by 30 April 2011		655	679	578	568
Core Tier 1 capital ratio (%)	7,4%	9,7%	10,2%	8,2%	8,0%
Additional capital needed to reach a 5% Core Tier 1 capital					
benchmark					

			cenario	Adverse s	scenario
Profit and losses	2010	2011	2012	2011	2012
Net interest income	147	139	128	115	110
Trading income	-12	3	3	3	3
of which trading losses from stress scenarios		0	0	0	0
of which valuation losses due to sovereign shock				0	0
Other operating income (5)	26	26	26	26	26
Operating profit before impairments	95	102	91	77	73
Impairments on financial and non-financial assets in the banking					
book ⁽⁶⁾	-79	-71	-31	-143	-83
Operating profit after impairments and other losses from the stress	16	31	60	-65	-10
Other income (5,6)	2	1	1	1	1
Net profit after tax (7)	11	20	37	-64	-9
of which carried over to capital (retained earnings)	9	13	24	-64	-9
of which distributed as dividends	2	7	13	0	0

	Baseline scenario	Adverse scenario

Additional information	2010	2011	2012	2011	2012
Deferred Tax Assets (8)	0	0	0	0	0
Stock of provisions (9)	372	442	472	507	584
of which stock of provisions for non-defaulted assets	122	122	122	121	121
of which Sovereigns (10)	1	1	1	1	1
of which Institutions (10)	2	2	2	1	1
of which Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	92	92	92	92	92
of which Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	27	27	27	27	27
of which Commercial real estate (11)					
of which stock of provisions for defaulted assets	250	320	350	386	463
of which Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	159	206	222	246	295
of which Retail (excluding commercial real estate)	88	108	121	132	156
of which Commercial real estate					
Coverage ratio (%) (12)					
Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	32,4%	30,6%	26,1%	36,5%	34,7%
Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	64,2%	69,8%	60,4%	85,0%	77,8%
Commercial real estate					
Loss rates (%) (13)					
Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	1,8%	1,6%	0,5%	2,9%	1,6%
Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	0,8%	1,2%	0,8%	2,6%	1,4%
Commercial real estate					
Funding cost (bps)	200			287	342

D. Other mitigating measures (see Mitigating measures worksheet for details), million EUR (14)

All effects as compared to regulatory aggregates as reported in Section	Baseline s	cenario	Adverse s	cenario
C	2011	2012	2011	2012
A) Use of provisions and/or other reserves (including release of				
countercyclical provisions), capital ratio effect ⁽⁶⁾				
B) Divestments and other management actions taken by 30 April 2011, RWA effect (+/-)				
B1) Divestments and other business decisions taken by 30 April 2011, capital ratio effect (+/-)				
C) Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also future mandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules, RWA effect (+/-)				
C1) Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also future mandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules, capital ratio effect (+/-)				
D) Future planned issuances of common equity instruments (private issuances), capital ratio effect				
E) Future planned government subscriptions of capital instruments (including hybrids), capital ratio effect				
F) Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as appropriate back- stop measures by national supervisory authorities, RWA effect (+/-)				
F1) Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as appropriate back-stop measures by national supervisory authorities, capital ratio effect (+/-)				
Risk weighted assets after other mitigating measures (B+C+F)	4.952	4.987	4.951	4.9
Capital after other mitigating measures (A+B1+C1+D+E+F1)	483	507	406	
Supervisory recognised capital ratio (%) (15)	9,7%	10,2%	8,2%	8,

Notes and definitions

- (1) The stress test was carried using the EBA common methodology, which includes a static balance sheet assumption (see http://www.eba.europa.eu/EU-wide-stress-testing/2011.aspx for the details on the EBA methodology).
- (2) All capital elements and ratios are presented in accordance with the EBA definition of Core Tier 1 capital set up for the purposes of the EU-wide stress test, and therefore may differ from the definitions used by national supervisory authorities and/or reported by institutions in public disclosures.
- (3) Neither baseline scenario nor the adverse scenario and results of the stress test should in any way be construed as a bank's forecast or directly compared to bank's other published information.
- (4) Regulatory transitional floors are applied where binding. RWA for credit risk have been calculated in accordance with the EBA methodology assuming an additional floor imposed at a level of RWA, before regulatory transitional floors, for December 2010 for both IRB and STA portfolios.
- (5) Banks are required to provide explanations of what "Other operating income" and "Other income" constitutes for.
- Composition of "Other operating income" and "Other income": "Other operating income" net dividend income, net realised gains (losses) on fin. assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit and loss, gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss, net exchange differences, net losses on derecognition of assets excluding non-current assets held for sale, realised gains and losses from non-banking activities; "Other income" Impairment of tangible and intangible assets, Gains (losses) on derecognition of assets held for sale, Share of profits in associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method.
- (6) If under the national legislation, the release of countercyclical provisions and/or other similar reserves is allowed, this figure for 2010 could be included either in rows "Impairments on financial assets in the banking book" or "Other income" for 2010, whereas under the EU-wide stress test methodology such release for 2011-2012 should be reported in Section D as other mitigating measures.
- (7) Net profit includes profit attributable to minority interests.
- (8) Deferred tax assets as referred to in paragraph 69 of BCBS publication dated December 2010: "Basel 3 a global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems".
- (9) Stock of provisions includes collective and specific provisions as well as countercyclical provisions, in the jurisdictions, where required by the national legislation.
- (10) Provisions for non-defaulted exposures to sovereigns and financial institutions have been computed taking into account benchmark risk parameters (PDs and LGDs) provided by the EBA and referring to external credit ratings and assuming hypothetical scenario of rating agency downgrades of sovereigns.
- (11) For definition of commercial real estate please refer to footnote (5) in the worksheet "4 EADs".
- (12) Coverage ratio = stock of provisions on defaulted assets / stock of defaulted assets expressed in EAD for the specific portfolio.
- (13) Loss rate = total impairment flow (specific and collective impairment flow) for a year / total EAD for the specific portfolio (including defaulted and non-defaulted assets but excluding securitisation and counterparty credit risk exposures).
- (14) All elements are be reported net of tax effects.
- (15) The supervisory recognised capital ratio computed on the basis of additional mitigating measures presented in this section. The ratio is based primarily on the EBA definition, but may include other mitigating measures not recognised by the EBA methodology as having impacts in the Core Tier 1 capital, but which are considered by the national supervisory authorities as appropriate mitigating measures for the stressed conditions. Where applicable, such measures are explained in the additional announcements issued by banks/national supervisory authorities. Details of all mitigating measures are presented in the worksheet "3 Mitigating measures).

Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Composition of capital as of 31 December 2010

Name of the bank: Nova kreditna banka Maribor d.d. (NKBM d.d.)

07. 17. 19. 1. 0010	December 2010		D. (
Situation at December 2010	Million EUR	% RWA	References to COREP reporting
A) Common equity before deductions (Original own funds without hybrid instruments and		7.00/	COREP CA 1.1 - hybrid instruments and government support measures other than
government support measures other than ordinary shares) (+)	388	7,8%	ordinary shares
Of which: (+) eligible capital and reserves	391	7,9%	COREP CA 1.1.1 + COREP line 1.1.2.1
Of which: (-) intangibles assets (including goodwill)	-32	-0,6%	Net amount included in T1 own funds (COREP line 1.1.5.1)
Of which: (-/+) adjustment to valuation differences in other AFS assets (1)	0	0,0%	Prudential filters for regulatory capital (COREP line 1.1.2.6.06)
B) Deductions from common equity (Elements deducted from original own funds) (-)	-22	-0,4%	COREP CA 1.3.T1* (negative amount)
			Total of items as defined by Article 57 (I), (m), (n) (o) and (p) of Directive 2006/48/EC
Of which: (-) deductions of participations and subordinated claims	which: (-) deductions of participations and subordinated claims -22 -0,4%	and deducted from original own funds (COREP lines from 1.3.1 to 1.3.5 included in line	
			1.3.T1*)
Of which: (-) securitisation exposures not included in RWA			COREP line 1.3.7 included in line 1.3.T1*
			As defined by Article 57 (q) of Directive 2006/48/EC (COREP line 1.3.8 included in
Of which: (-) IRB provision shortfall and IRB equity expected loss amounts (before tax)			1.3.T1*)
C) Common equity (A+B)	366	7,4%	
Of which: ordinary shares subscribed by government	44	0,9%	Paid up ordinary shares subscribed by government
D) Other Existing government support measures (+)			
E) Core Tier 1 including existing government support measures (C+D)	including existing government support measures (C+D) 366 7.4%	7.4%	Common equity + Existing government support measures included in T1 other than
E) Core Tier I including existing government support measures (C+D)	300		ordinary shares
Difference from benchmark capital threshold (CT1 5%)	119	2,4%	Core tier 1 including government support measures - (RWA*5%)
			Net amount included in T1 own funds (COREP line 1.1.4.1a + COREP lines from
F) Hybrid instruments not subscribed by government	26	0,5%	1.1.2.2***01 to 1.1.2.2***05 + COREP line 1.1.5.2a (negative amount)) not subscribed
			by government
Tier 1 Capital (E+F) (Total original own funds for general solvency purposes)	392	7,9%	COREP CA 1.4 = COREP CA 1.1 + COREP CA 1.3.T1* (negative amount)
Tier 2 Capital (Total additional own funds for general solvency purposes)	146	3,0%	COREP CA 1.5
Tier 3 Capital (Total additional own funds specific to cover market risks)	0	0,0%	COREP CA 1.6
Total Capital (Total own funds for solvency purposes)	539	10,9%	COREP CA 1
Memorandum items			
Amount of holdings, participations and subordinated claims in credit, financial and insurance			Total of items as defined by Article 57 (I), (m), (n) (o) and (p) of Directive 2006/48/EC
institutions not deducted for the computation of core tier 1 but deducted for the computation of	-22	-0,4%	not deducted for the computation of original own funds
total own funds			
Amount of securitisation exposures not included in RWA and not deducted for the computation of			Total of items as defined by Article 57 (r) of Directive 2006/48/EC not deducted for the
core tier 1 but deducted for the computation of total own funds			computation of original own funds
Deferred tax assets (2)			As referred to in paragraph 69 of BCBS publication dated December 2010 : "Basel 3 –
Detetien tay assets			a global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems"
Minority interests (excluding hybrid instruments) (2)	42 0.8%	0.8%	Gross amount of minority interests as defined by Article 65 1. (a) of Directive
, , , , ,		0,070	2006/48/EC
Valuation differences eligible as original own funds (-/+) (3)	13	-0,3%	COREP line 1.1.2.6

Notes and definitions

- (1) The amount is already included in the computation of the eligible capital and reserves and it is provided separately for information purposes.
- (2) According to the Basel 3 framework specific rules apply for the treatment of these items under the Basel 3 framework, no full deduction is required for the computation of common equity.
- (3) This item represents the impact in original own funds of valuation differences arising from the application of fair value measurement to certain financial instruments (AFS/FVO) and property assets after the application of prudential filters.

Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Overview of mitigating measures (1-2)

Name of the bank: Nova kreditna banka Maribor d.d. (NKBM d.d.)

Use of countercyclical provisions, divestments and other management actions

Please fill in the table using a separate row for each measure	Narrative description	Date of completion (actual or planned for future issuances)	impact	RWA impact (in million EUR)	Capital ratio impact (as of 31 December 2012) %
A) Use of provisions and/or other reserves (including release of countercyclical pr	ovisions), ⁽³⁾				
B) Divestments and other management actions taken by 30 April 2011					
1)					
2)					
C) Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also future mai	ndatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules	1			
2)					
2)					

Future capital raisings and other back stop measures

	Date of issuance			Loss absorbency	Flexibility of	Permanence		Conversion clause (where appropriate)	
Please fill in the table using a separate row for each measure	(actual or planned for future	Amount	Maturity	in going concern	payments (capacity to	(Undated and without incentive to redeem)	Nature of conversion	Date of conversion	Triggers	Conversion in common equity
, leads in the table using a departed for for each included	issuances, dd/mm/yy)	(in million EUR)	(dated/ undated) ⁽⁴⁾	(Yes/No)	(Yes/No)	(Yes/No)	(mandatory/ discretionary)	(at any time/from a specific date: dd/mm/yy)	(description of the triggers)	(Yes/No)
D) Future planned issuances of common equity instruments (private issuances	s)									
E) Future planned government subscriptions of capital instruments (including	hybride)									
1) Denomination of the instrument	liybriday									
2)										
					·					
F) Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as back stop measures is	y national supervis	ory authorities	(including hyl	orids)						
1) Denomination of the instrument										
2)										

Notes and definitions

- (1) The order of the measures follows the order of mitigating measures reported in the Section D of the worksheet "1 Aggregate information".
- (2) All elements are be reported net of tax effects.
- (3) If under the national legislation, the release of countercyclical provisions and/or other similar reserves is allowed, this figure for 2010 could be included either in rows "Impairments on financial assets in the banking book" or "Other income" for 2010, whereas under the EU-wide stress test methodology such release for 2011-2012 should be reported in Section D of the worksheet "1- Aggregate information" as other mitigating measures and explained in this worksheet.
- (4) If dated please insert the maturity date (dd/mm/yy) otherwise specify undated.

Name of the bank: Nova kreditna banka Maribor d.d. (NKBM d.d.)

All values in million EUR, or %

		1	1		Non-defaulte	ed exposures						
		Corporate	Retail (excluding	ng commercial re	al estate)				Commerc	cial Real Estate	Defaulted exposures	
	Institutions	(excluding commercial real estate)		of which Reside	Loan to Value (LTV) ratio	of which Revolving	of which SME	of which other		Loan to Value (LTV) ratio (%) (6)	(excluding sovereign)	Total exposures (7)
					(%), (6)							
Austria	47		0									48
Belgium	5		0									5
Bulgaria			0									0
Cyprus			0									0
Czech Republic			0									C
Denmark	10		0									11
Estonia			0									0
Finland			0									C
France	33		0									38
Germany	32		0									35
Greece			1				1					1
Hungary			0									C
Iceland			0									0
Ireland			0									C
Italy	28		0									29
Latvia	2		Ö									2
Liechtenstein	_		0									0
Lithuania			0									O
Luxembourg	1		0									1
Malta			0									0
Netherlands			0									0
Norway			0									Ċ
Poland	6		0									6
Portugal			0									7
Romania			0									2
Slovakia			0									2
Slovenia	416	2.257	1.494		24	112	415	580			526	5.185
Spain	28		0		27			000			020	28
Sweden	20		0									20
United Kingdom	21		0									21
United States	102		0									102
Japan	102		0		-							102
Other non EEA non			0					-			-	
Emerging countries			0									d
Asia	 	1	0					-		1		0
Middle and South			U									
America		ĺ	0		1							d
America			U									
Eastern Europe non EEA	59	264	47		1		47				61	442
Others	18						9				8	442
Total					-	440			_	-		
TOTAL	808	2.539	1.551	387		112	472	580	0	j	595	6.013

Notes and definition

- (1) EAD Exposure at Default or exposure value in the meaning of the CRD.
- (2) The EAD reported here are based on the methodologies and portfolio breakdowns used in the 2011 EU-wide stress test, and hence may differ from the EAD reported by banks in their Pillar 3 disclosures, which can vary based on national regulation. For example, this would affect breakdown of EAD for real estate exposures and SME exposures.
- (3) Breakdown by country and macro area (e.g. Asia) when EAD >=5%. In any case coverage 100% of total EAD should be ensured (if exact mapping of some exposures to geographies is not possible, they should be allocated to the group "others").
- (4) The allocation of countries and exposures to macro areas and emerging/non-emerging is according to the IMF WEO country groupings. See: http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2010/01/weodata/groups.htm
- (5) Residential real estate property which is or will be occupied or let by the owner, or the beneficial owner in the case of personal investment companies, and commercial real estate property, that is, offices and other commercial premises, which are recognised as eligible collateral in the meaning of the CRD, with the following criteria, which need to be met:
- (a) the value of the property does not materially depend upon the credit quality of the obligor. This requirement does not preclude situations where purely macro economic factors affect both the value of the property and the performance of the borrower; and
- (b) the risk of the borrower does not materially depend upon the performance of the underlying property or project, but rather on the underlying capacity of the borrower to repay the debt from other sources. As such, repayment of the facility does not materially depend on any cash flow generated by the underlying property serving as collateral.
- (6) Loan to value ratio ratio of EAD to the market value of real estate used as collateral for such exposures. Given the different methodologies applied to assessing the value, the bank is required to explain the computation of the ratio. In particular (a) whether collateral values is marked-to-market or any other valuation method is used, (b) whether the amount has been adjusted for principal repayments, and (c) how guarantees other than the underlying property are treated.

Definition of Loan to Value ratio used: collateral values is marked-to-market

(7) Total exposures is the total EAD according to the CRD definition based on which the bank computes RWA for credit risk. Total exposures, in addition to the exposures broken down by regulatory portfolios in this table, include EAD for securitisation transactions, counterparty credit risk, sovereigns, guaranteed by sovereigns, public sector entities and central banks.

Name of the bank: Nova kreditna banka Maribor d.d. (NKBM d.d.)

All values in million EUR

Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EX		NET DIRECT POSITIONS (gross exposures (long) net of cash short position of sovereign debt to other counterparties only where there is maturity matching)					
1 1	County/Nog.co.		of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book ⁽³⁾		
3M 1Y		<u>5</u> 1	5	1	1				
2Y		•							
3Y 5Y	Austria								
10Y									
15Y		6	5	1	1	0	0		
3M		•			•	•			
1Y 2Y									
2Y 3Y 5Y	Belgium								
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y			·						
1Y 2Y									
3Y 5Y	Bulgaria								
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3M			·						
1Y 2Y									
3Y 5Y	Cyprus								
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3M		Ü	Ů	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü		
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y									
3Y	Czech Republic								
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3M		v	v	Ū	v	Ů	ű		
1Y 2Y									
3Y	Denmark								
5Y 10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3M		V	· ·	- V	V	V	Ü		
1Y 2Y									
2Y 3Y	Estonia								
5Y 10Y 15Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3M 1Y							J		
1Y 2Y									
3Y	Finland								

DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK
Net position at fair values Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
0	0
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Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EX		(gross exposures (long	NET DIRECT POSITIONS (gross exposures (long) net of cash short position of sovereign debt to other counterparties only where there is maturity matching)					
1 1			of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book ⁽³⁾			
5Y 10Y	Timana									
15Y 3M		0	0	0	0	0	0			
3M 1Y 2Y										
3Y 5Y 10Y	France									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0			
3M 1Y 2Y		3		3	3					
2Y 3Y 5Y	Germany			-	-					
10Y 15Y		3	0	3	3	0	0			
3M 1Y										
2Y 3Y 5Y	Greece									
10Y 15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0			
3M 1Y		0	U	U	U	U	U			
1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y	Hungary									
10Y 15Y										
3M 1Y		0	0	0	0	0	0			
2Y 3Y	Iceland									
5Y 10Y 15Y										
3M 1Y		0	0	0	0	0	0			
2Y 3Y 5Y	Ireland									
5Y 10Y 15Y										
3M		0	0	0	0	0	0			
1Y 2Y 3Y	lie!									
3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Italy									
3M		0	0	0	0	0	0			
1Y 2Y 3Y										
3Y 5Y 10Y	Latvia									

DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK
Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
	· -

Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG Exvalue gross of spe		(gross exposures (long	NET DIRECT POSITIONS (gross exposures (long) net of cash short position of sovereign debt to other counterparties only where there is maturity matching)					
	,g		of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book (3)			
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0			
3M 1Y										
2Y 3Y										
2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y	Liechtenstein									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0			
3M		U	U	U	U	U	U			
1Y 2Y 3Y										
5Y	Lithuania									
10Y 15Y			_	_		_	_			
3M 1Y		0	0	0	0	0	0			
2Y										
3Y 5Y	Luxembourg									
10Y 15Y										
		0	0	0	0	0	0			
3M 1Y 2Y										
3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Malta									
10Y										
		0	0	0	0	0	0			
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y										
3Y	Netherlands									
10Y 15Y										
		0	0	0	0	0	0			
3M 1Y										
2Y 3Y	Norway									
5Y 10Y 15Y										
		0	0	0	0	0	0			
3M 1Y										
2Y 3Y 5Y	Poland									
10Y	Poland									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0			
3M 1Y										
2Y 3Y 5Y	Dominion									
5Y 10Y	Portugal									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0			
		0	0	0	0	0	0			

DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK
Net position at fair values Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
0	0
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					NET DIREC	T POSITIONS			
ırity		GROSS DIRECT LONG EX value gross of spe		(gross exposures (long) net of cash short posit		other counterparties only	DIRECT SOVEREIGN	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN
Matu	Country/Region	value gross of spe	ecilic provisions)		where there is i	naturity matching)		EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES	EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK
Residual Maturity	Country/Region		of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book ⁽³⁾	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y									
2Y		1	1						
5Y	Romania	1	1						
10Y		_	_	_	-	-	_		
		3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y									
3Y	Slovakia	2		2	2				
10Y				-	-				
		2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y		55 27	3 7	20 19	20 19				
2Y 3Y	Slovenia	128 6	3	128 4	117 2				
5Y 10Y	Sioverna	179 83	5 5	189 80	127 70				
15Y		1 479	1 27	10 450	355	0	0	0	0
3M				100	300				
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y									
3Y 5Y	Spain								
10Y 15Y									
3M		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y									
3Y	Sweden								
10Y									
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y									
2Y 3Y	United Kingdom								
5Y 10Y	onited Kingdoff								
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	•	•	•					
	TOTAL EEA 30	493	35	456	361	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y									
2Y 3Y	United Ct-t								
5Y	United States								
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		U	U	U	U	U	U U	U	U
1Y 2Y									
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Japan								
10Y	Y Y								
131	<u> П</u>		l	I	l	l .	<u> </u>		

Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG E value gross of spe	XPOSURES (accounting ecific provisions)	(gross exposures (long) net of cash short posit	T POSITIONS ion of sovereign debt to naturity matching)	DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK	
Residua			of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	through profit&loss) banking book	of which: I rading book (**/	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Other non EEA non Emerging countries								
10Y							-		
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y		U U		Ů	v		Ů		
2Y									
3Y	Asia							-	
107									
15Y									
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y									
1Y								-	
3Y	Middle and South								
5Y	America								
10Y									
15Y								-	
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y		2	1	1	1		 		
27		3	3	'	'				
3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Eastern Europe non	4	3	1	1				
5Y	EEA	6	5	1	1				
10Y								-	
151		15	12	3	3	0	0	0	0
3M				-					
1Y									
2Y									
3Y	Others								
5Y							<u> </u>		
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y			<u> </u>				 		
131		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	508	47	459	364	0	0	0	0

Notes and definitions

(1) The allocation of countries and exposures to macro areas and emerging/non-emerging is according to the IMF WEO country groupings. See: http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2010/01/weodata/groups.htm

(2) The exposures reported in this worksheet cover only exposures to central and local governments on immediate borrower basis, and do not include exposures to other counterparts with full or partial government guarantees (such exposures are however included in the total EAD reported in the worksheet "4 - EADs").

(3) According to the EBA methodologies, for the trading book assets banks have been allowed to offset only cash short positions having the same maturities (paragraph 202 of the Methodological note).