Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Summary (1-3)

Name of the bank: Irish Life & Permanent plc

Actual results at 31 December 2010	million EUR, %
Operating profit before impairments	76
Impairment losses on financial and non-financial assets in the banking book	-421
Risk weighted assets ⁽⁴⁾	15.792
Core Tier 1 capital (4)	1.681
Core Tier 1 capital ratio, % ⁽⁴⁾	10,6%
Additional capital needed to reach a 5 % Core Tier 1 capital benchmark	0

 Outcomes of the adverse scenario at 31 December 2012, excluding all mitigating actions
 %

 taken in 2011
 %

 Core Tier 1 Capital ratio
 -1,9%

Outcomes of the adverse scenario at 31 December 2012, including recognised mitigating measures as of 30 April 2011	million EUR, %
2 yr cumulative operating profit before impairments	-185
2 yr cumulative impairment losses on financial and non-financial assets in the banking book	-2.076
 2 yr cumulative impaintent losses on intandat and hor minincial assess in the banking book 2 yr cumulative losses from the stress in the trading book of which valuation losses due to sovereign shock 	0 <i>0</i>
Risk weighted assets	14.525
Core Tier 1 Capital	2.968
Core Tier 1 Capital ratio (%)	20,4%
Additional capital needed to reach a 5 % Core Tier 1 capital benchmark	
Effects from the recognised mitigating measures put in place until 30 April 2011 ⁽⁵⁾	
Equity raisings announced and fully committed between 31 December 2010 and 30 April 2011 (CT1 million EUR)***	3.600
Effect of government support publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on Core Tier 1 capital ratio (percentage points of CT1 ratio)	22,8
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on Core Tier 1 capital ratio (percentage points of CT1 ratio)	-2,4

Additional taken or planned mitigating measures	percentage points contributing to capital ratio
Use of provisions and/or other reserves (including release of countercyclical provisions)	0,0
Divestments and other management actions taken by 30 April 2011	0,0
Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also future mandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules	-4,0
Future planned issuances of common equity instruments (private issuances)	0,0
Future planned government subscriptions of capital instruments (including hybrids)	0,0
Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as appropriate back-stop measures by national supervisory authorities	2,8
Supervisory recognised capital ratio after all current and future mitigating actions as of 31	
December 2012, % ⁽⁶⁾	20,0%

Notes

(1) The stress test was carried using the EBA common methodology, which includes a static balance sheet assumption and incorporates regulatory transitional floors, where binding (see http://www.eba.europa.eu/EU-wide-stress-testing/2011.aspx for the details on the EBA methodology).

(2) All capital elements and ratios are presented in accordance with the EBA definition of Core Tier 1 capital set up for the purposes of the EU-wide stress test, and therefore may differ from the definitions used by national supervisory authorities and/or reported by institutions in public disclosures.

(3) Neither baseline scenario nor the adverse scenario and results of the stress test should in any way be construed as a bank's forecast or directly compared to bank's other published information.

(4) Full static balance sheet assumption excluding any mitigating management actions, mandatory restructuring or capital raisings post 31 December 2010 (all government support measures and capital raisings fully paid in before 31 December 2010 are included).

(5) Effects of capital raisings, government support and mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011, which are incorporated in the Core Tier 1 capital ratio reported as the outcome of the stress test.

(6) The supervisory recognised capital ratio computed on the basis of additional mitigating measures presented in this section. The ratio is based primarily on the EBA definition, but may include other mitigating measures not recognised by the EBA methodology as having impacts in the Core Tier 1 capital, but which are considered by the national supervisory authorities as appropriate mitigating measures for the stressed conditions. Where applicable, such measures are explained in the additional announcements issued by banks/national supervisory authorities. Details of all mitigating measures are presented in the worksheet "3 - Mitigating measures).

*** Equity raisings announced and fully committed between 31 December 2010 and 30 April 2011 also include capital received as a part of government support publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011.

Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Aggregate information and evolution of capital ⁽¹⁻⁴⁾

Name of the bank: Irish Life & Permanent plc

All in million EUR, or %

A. Results of the stress test based on the full static balance sheet assumption without any mitigating actions, mandatory restructuring or capital raisings post 31 December 2010 (all government support measures fully paid in before 31 December 2010 are included)

		Baseline s	scenario	Adverse scenario		
Capital adequacy	2010	2011	2012	2011	2012	
Risk weighted assets (full static balance sheet assumption)	15.792	15.792	15.792	15.792	15.792	
Common equity according to EBA definition	1681	1064	897	499	-302	
of which ordinary shares subscribed by government	0	0	0	0	0	
Other existing subscribed government capital (before 31 December						
2010)	0	0	0	0	0	
Core Tier 1 capital (full static balance sheet assumption)	1.681	1.064	897	499	-302	
Core Tier 1 capital ratio (%)	10,6%	6,7%	5,7%	3,2%	-1,9%	

B. Results of the stress test recognising capital issuance and mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010

		Baseline s	scenario	Adverse scenario		
Capital adequacy	2010	2011	2012	2011	2012	
Risk weighted assets (full static balance sheet assumption)	15.792	15.792	15.792	15.792	15.792	
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010 on RWA (+/-)		0	0	0	0	
Risk weighted assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	15.792	15.792	15.792	15.792	15.792	
Core Tier 1 Capital (full static balance sheet assumption)	1.681	1.064	897	499	-302	
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010 on Core Tier 1 capital (+/-)		0	0	0	0	
Core Tier 1 capital after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	1.681	1.064	897	499	-302	
Core Tier 1 capital ratio (%)	10,6%	6,7%	5,7%	3,2%	-1,9%	

C. Results of the stress test recognising capital issuance and mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 30 April 2011

		Baseline se	cenario	Adverse scenario		
Capital adequacy	2010	2011	2012	2011	2012	
Risk weighted assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans						
publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	15.792	15.792	15.792	15.792	15.792	
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and						
fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011			1 0 00	0.07		
on RWA (+/-) Risk weighted assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans	-	-392	-1.292	-367	-1.267	
publicly announced and fully committed before 30 April 2011		15.400	14.500	15.425	14.525	
of which RWA in banking book	-	12.805	11.079	13.146	11.427	
of which RWA in trading book	-	12.805	0	13.146	0	
RWA on securitisation positions (banking and trading book)	_	90	131	468	889	
Total assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly		50	101	400	005	
announced and fully committed and equity raised and fully committed by						
30 April 2011	46.743	48,541	45.763	48.541	45.763	
Core Tier 1 capital after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans	40.140	40.041	40.700	40.041	40.100	
publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	1.681	1.064	897	499	-302	
Equity raised between 31 December 2010 and 30 April 2011		0	0	0	0	
Equity raisings fully committed (but not paid in) between 31	-			-		
December 2010 and 30 April 2011		0	0	0	0	
Effect of government support publicly announced and fully	_					
committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on						
Core Tier 1 capital (+/-)		3.600	3.600	3.600	3.600	
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and						
fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011						
on Core Tier 1 capital (+/-)		-9	-379	-6	-330	
Core Tier 1 capital after government support, capital raisings and effects						
of restructuring plans fully committed by 30 April 2011		4.655	4.118	4.093	2.968	
Tier 1 capital after government support, capital raisings and effects of						
restructuring plans fully committed by 30 April 2011		4.655	4.118	4.093	2.968	
Total regulatory capital after government support, capital raisings and						
effects of restructuring plans fully committed by 30 April 2011		4.655	4.118	4.093	2.968	
Core Tier 1 capital ratio (%)	10,6%	30,2%	28,4%	26,5%	20,4%	
Additional capital needed to reach a 5% Core Tier 1 capital benchmark						
benchinark						
		Baseline se	cenario	Adverse s	cenario	
Profit and losses	2010	2011	2012	2011	2012	
Net interest income	305	266	229	139	85	
Trading income	0	0	0	0	0	
of which trading losses from stress scenarios		0	0	0	0	
of which valuation losses due to sovereign shock				0	0	
Other operating income ⁽⁵⁾	26	48	28	48	28	
Operating profit before impairments	76	75	20	-52	-133	
Impairments on financial and non-financial assets in the banking						
book ⁽⁶⁾	-421	-685	-320	-1.254	-822	
Operating profit after impairments and other losses from the stress	-345	-610	-300	-1.306	-955	
Other income ^(5,6)	-1	0	-380	0	-380	
Net profit after tax ⁽⁷⁾	-298	-534	-643	-1.143	-1.216	
of which carried over to capital (retained earnings)	-298	-534	-643	-1.143	-1.216	

		Baseline s	scenario	Adverse	scenario
Additional information	2010	2011	2012	2011	2012
Deferred Tax Assets ⁽⁸⁾	68	164	274	259	467
Stock of provisions ⁽⁹⁾	889	1.574	1.894	2.143	2.965
of which stock of provisions for non-defaulted assets	96	108	120	112	128
of which Sovereigns (10)	0	0	0	0	0
of which Institutions (10)	6	18	30	22	38
of which Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	4	4	4	4	4
of which Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	43	43	43	43	43
of which Commercial real estate (11)	43	43	43	43	43
of which stock of provisions for defaulted assets	793	1.466	1.774	2.031	2.837
of which Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	14	18	18	18	19
of which Retail (excluding commercial real estate)	626	1.147	1.412	1.624	2.312
of which Commercial real estate	153	264	306	331	426
Coverage ratio (%) (12)					
Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	45,2%	39,3%	38,2%	39,5%	38,0%
Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	22,0%	24,7%	24,0%	32,7%	33,8%
Commercial real estate	36,9%	45,7%	43,5%	54,4%	53,2%
Loss rates (%) (13)					
Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	0,0%	1,1%	0,3%	1,1%	0,4%
Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	1,0%	1,6%	0,9%	3,0%	2,3%
Commercial real estate	4,7%	6,5%	2,7%	10,4%	6,3%
Funding cost (bps)	173			291	386

D. Other mitigating measures (see Mitigating measures worksheet for details), million EUR (14)

All effects as compared to regulatory aggregates as reported in Section	Baseline s	scenario	Adverse scenario		
C	2011	2012	2011	2012	
A) Use of provisions and/or other reserves (including release of					
countercyclical provisions), capital ratio effect (6)	0	0	0	0	
B) Divestments and other management actions taken by 30 April 2011,					
RWA effect (+/-)	0	0	0	0	
B1) Divestments and other business decisions taken by 30 April 2011,					
capital ratio effect (+/-)	0	0	0	0	
C) Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also					
future mandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission					
under the EU State Aid rules, RWA effect (+/-)	-3.325	-3.325	-3.325	-3.325	
C1) Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also					
future mandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission					
under the EU State Aid rules, capital ratio effect (+/-)	-1.127	-1.127	-1.127	-1.127	
D) Future planned issuances of common equity instruments (private					
issuances), capital ratio effect	0	0	0	0	
E) Future planned government subscriptions of capital instruments					
(including hybrids), capital ratio effect	0	0	0	0	
F) Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as appropriate					
back-stop measures by national supervisory authorities, RWA effect (+/-					
)	0	0	0	0	
F1) Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as appropriate					
back-stop measures by national supervisory authorities, capital ratio					
effect (+/-)	400	400	400	400	
Risk weighted assets after other mitigating measures (B+C+F)	12.075	11.175	12.100	11.200	
Capital after other mitigating measures (A+B1+C1+D+E+F1)	3.928	3.391	3.366	2.241	
Supervisory recognised capital ratio (%) ⁽¹⁵⁾	32,5%	30,3%	27,8%	20,0%	

Notes and definitions

(1) The stress test was carried using the EBA common methodology, which includes a static balance sheet assumption (see http://www.eba.europa.eu/EU-widestress-testing/2011.aspx for the details on the EBA methodology).

(2) All capital elements and ratios are presented in accordance with the EBA definition of Core Tier 1 capital set up for the purposes of the EU-wide stress test, and therefore may differ from the definitions used by national supervisory authorities and/or reported by institutions in public disclosures

(3) Neither baseline scenario nor the adverse scenario and results of the stress test should in any way be construed as a bank's forecast or directly compared to bank's other published information.

(4) Regulatory transitional floors are applied where binding. RWA for credit risk have been calculated in accordance with the EBA methodology assuming an additional floor imposed at a level of RWA, before regulatory transitional floors, for December 2010 for both IRB and STA portfolios.

(5) Banks are required to provide explanations of what "Other operating income" and "Other income" constitutes for.

Composition of "Other operating income" and "Other income": Composition of "Other income": This figure represents the loss principally to be incurred from deleveraging of the Bank's UK mortgage portfolio, offset by the part sale of the Life Company.

(6) If under the national legislation, the release of countercyclical provisions and/or other similar reserves is allowed, this figure for 2010 could be included either in rows "Impairments on financial assets in the banking book" or "Other income" for 2010, whereas under the EU-wide stress test methodology such release for 2011-2012 should be reported in Section D as other mitigating measures.

(7) Net profit includes profit attributable to minority interests

(8) Deferred tax assets as referred to in paragraph 69 of BCBS publication dated December 2010 : "Basel 3 - a global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems".

(9) Stock of provisions includes collective and specific provisions as well as countercyclical provisions, in the jurisdictions, where required by the national legislation.

(10) Provisions for non-defaulted exposures to sovereigns and financial institutions have been computed taking into account benchmark risk parameters (PDs and LGDs) provided by the EBA and referring to external credit ratings and assuming hypothetical scenario of rating agency downgrades of sovereigns.

(11) For definition of commercial real estate please refer to footnote (5) in the worksheet "4 - EADs".

(12) Coverage ratio = stock of provisions on defaulted assets / stock of defaulted assets expressed in EAD for the specific portfolio.

(13) Loss rate = total impairment flow (specific and collective impairment flow) for a year / total EAD for the specific portfolio (including defaulted and non-defaulted assets but excluding securitisation and counterparty credit risk exposures).

(14) All elements are be reported net of tax effects.

(15) The supervisory recognised capital ratio computed on the basis of additional mitigating measures presented in this section. The ratio is based primarily on the EBA definition, but may include other mitigating measures not recognised by the EBA methodology as having impacts in the Core Tier 1 capital, but which are considered by the national supervisory authorities as appropriate mitigating measures for the stressed conditions. Where applicable, such measures are explained in the additional announcements issued by banks/national supervisory authorities. Details of all mitigating measures are presented in the worksheet "3 - Mitigating measures).

Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Composition of capital as of 31 December 2010

Name of the bank: Irish Life & Permanent plc

	Decem	ber 2010	
Situation at December 2010	Million EUR	% RWA	References to COREP reporting
A) Common equity before deductions (Original own funds without hybrid instruments and	0.744	00 70/	COREP CA 1.1 - hybrid instruments and government support measures other than
government support measures other than ordinary shares) (+)	3.744	23,7%	ordinary shares
Of which: (+) eligible capital and reserves	3.935	24,9%	COREP CA 1.1.1 + COREP line 1.1.2.1
Of which: (-) intangibles assets (including goodwill)	-9	-0,1%	Net amount included in T1 own funds (COREP line 1.1.5.1)
Of which: (-/+) adjustment to valuation differences in other AFS assets ⁽¹⁾	253	1,6%	Prudential filters for regulatory capital (COREP line 1.1.2.6.06)
B) Deductions from common equity (Elements deducted from original own funds) (-)	-2.063	-13,1%	COREP CA 1.3.T1* (negative amount)
Of which: (-) deductions of participations and subordinated claims	-2.063	-13,1%	Total of items as defined by Article 57 (I), (m), (n) (o) and (p) of Directive 2006/48/EC and deducted from original own funds (COREP lines from 1.3.1 to 1.3.5 included in line 1.3.T1*)
Of which: (-) securitisation exposures not included in RWA	0	0,0%	COREP line 1.3.7 included in line 1.3.T1*
Of which: (-) IRB provision shortfall and IRB equity expected loss amounts (before tax)	0	0,0%	As defined by Article 57 (q) of Directive 2006/48/EC (COREP line 1.3.8 included in 1.3.T1*)
C) Common equity (A+B)	1.681	10,6%	
Of which: ordinary shares subscribed by government	0	0,0%	Paid up ordinary shares subscribed by government
D) Other Existing government support measures (+)	0	0,0%	
E) Core Tier 1 including existing government support measures (C+D)	1.681	10,6%	Common equity + Existing government support measures included in T1 other than ordinary shares
Difference from benchmark capital threshold (CT1 5%)	891	5,6%	Core tier 1 including government support measures - (RWA*5%)
F) Hybrid instruments not subscribed by government	0	0,0%	Net amount included in T1 own funds (COREP line 1.1.4.1a + COREP lines from 1.1.2.2***01 to 1.1.2.2***05 + COREP line 1.1.5.2a (negative amount)) not subscribed by government
Tier 1 Capital (E+F) (Total original own funds for general solvency purposes)	1.681	10,6%	COREP CA 1.4 = COREP CA 1.1 + COREP CA 1.3.T1* (negative amount)
Tier 2 Capital (Total additional own funds for general solvency purposes)	0	0,0%	COREP CA 1.5
Tier 3 Capital (Total additional own funds specific to cover market risks)	0	0,0%	COREP CA 1.6
Total Capital (Total own funds for solvency purposes)	1.681	10,6%	COREP CA 1
Memorandum items			
Amount of holdings, participations and subordinated claims in credit, financial and insurance institutions <u>not deducted for the computation of core tier 1</u> but deducted for the computation of total own funds	-1.233	-7,8%	Total of items as defined by Article 57 (I), (m), (n) (o) and (p) of Directive $2006/48/EC$ not deducted for the computation of original own funds
Amount of securitisation exposures not included in RWA and <u>not deducted for the computation of</u> <u>core tier 1</u> but deducted for the computation of total own funds	0	0,0%	Total of items as defined by Article 57 (r) of Directive 2006/48/EC not deducted for the computation of original own funds
Deferred tax assets ⁽²⁾	68	0,4%	As referred to in paragraph 69 of BCBS publication dated December 2010 : "Basel 3 – a global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems"
Minority interests (excluding hybrid instruments) ⁽²⁾	0	0,0%	Gross amount of minority interests as defined by Article 65 1. (a) of Directive 2006/48/EC
Valuation differences eligible as original own funds (-/+) ⁽³⁾	-	0,0%	COREP line 1.1.2.6

Notes and definitions

(1) The amount is already included in the computation of the eligible capital and reserves and it is provided separately for information purposes.

(2) According to the Basel 3 framework specific rules apply for the treatment of these items under the Basel 3 framework, no full deduction is required for the computation of common equity.

(3) This item represents the impact in original own funds of valuation differences arising from the application of fair value measurement to certain financial instruments (AFS/FVO) and property assets after the application of prudential filters.

Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Overview of mitigating measures (1-2)

Name of the bank: Irish Life & Permanent plc

Use of countercyclical provisions, divestments and other management actions

Please fill in the table using a separate row for each measure	Narrative description	Date of completion (actual or planned for future issuances)	Capital / P&L impact (in million EUR)	RWA impact (in million EUR)	Capital ratio impact (as of 31 December 2012) %
A) Use of provisions and/or other reserves (including release of countercyclical provisions)	rovisions), ⁽³⁾				
B) Divestments and other management actions taken by 30 April 2011					
1)					
2)					
	ndatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules	r		n	1
1) Sale of ILA /ILIM	Sale of the group's interest in its life assurance & asset manangement businesses including Tier 2				
	Liability Management Exercise	Q2 2013	575	0	3,9%
2) Sale of UK loan book - 2013	Disposal of the remainder of the group's UK loan book	Q3 2013	-954	-1088	-5,4%
	Disposal of the Group's Commercial Loan Book	Q3 2013	-747	-1963	-2,8%
4) Run down of ptsb Finance - 2013	Run down of the group's car finance portfolio	Q4 2013	0	-274	0,4%

Future capital raisings and other back stop measures

	Date of issuance			Loss absorbency	Flexibility of	Permanence		Conversion clause (where appropriate)		
Please fill in the table using a separate row for each measure	(actual or planned for future	Amount		in going concern		(Undated and without incentive to redeem)	Nature of conversion	Date of conversion	Triggers	Conversion in common equity	
	issuances, dd/mm/yy)	(in million EUR)	(dated/ undated) ⁽⁴⁾	(Yes/No)	(Yes/No)	(Yes/No)	(mandatory/ discretionary)	(at any time/from a specific date: dd/mm/yy)	(description of the triggers)	(Yes/No)	
D) Future planned issuances of common equity instruments (private issuances											
E) Future planned government subscriptions of capital instruments (including	hybrids)										
F) Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as back stop measures to	ov national supervis	ory authorities	(including by	aride)							
1) Contingent Capital Instrument	31/7/2011	400	Q3,2016	No	No	No	Mandatory	At any time	Core Tier 1 less than 8.25%	Yes	

Notes and definitions

(1) The order of the measures follows the order of mitigating measures reported in the Section D of the worksheet "1 - Aggregate information".

(2) All elements are be reported net of tax effects.

(3) If under the national legislation, the release of countercyclical provisions and/or other similar reserves is allowed, this figure for 2010 could be included either in rows "Impairments on financial assets in the banking book" or "Other income" for 2010, whereas under the EU-wide stress
test methodology such release for 2011-2012 should be reported in Section D of the worksheet "1- Aggregate information" as other mitigating measures and explained in this worksheet.
 (4) If dated please insert the maturity date (dd/mm/yy) otherwise specify undated.

Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Credit risk exposures (EAD - exposure at default), as of 31 December 2010, mln EUR, (1-5)

Name of the bank: Irish Life & Permanent plc

All values in million EUR, or %

	Non-defaulted exposures											
		Corporate	Retail (excludi	ng commercial re	eal estate)				Commerc	cial Real Estate	Defaulted exposures	<i>m</i>
	Institutions	(excluding commercial real estate)		of which F mortg	Residential Loan to Value (LTV) ratio (%), ⁽⁶⁾	of which Revolving	of which SME	of which other		Loan to Value (LTV) ratio (%) ⁽⁶⁾	(excluding sovereign)	Total exposures ⁽⁷⁾
Austria	0	0	0		N/A	0	0	0	0	N/A	0	250
Belgium	0	0	0		N/A	0	0	0		N/A	0	0
Bulgaria	0				N/A	0				N/A	0	0
Cyprus	0	0	0		N/A	0		0		N/A	0	0
Czech Republic	0	0	0		N/A	0				N/A	0	0
Denmark	14				N/A	0				N/A	0	14
Estonia	0				N/A	0	-	-		N/A	0	
Finland	0				N/A	0				N/A	0	
France	28				N/A	0				N/A	0	
Germany	168	0			N/A	0	-			N/A	0	468
Greece	0				N/A	0				N/A	0	
Hungary	0				N/A	0				N/A	0	0
Iceland	0	0			N/A	0				N/A	0	0
Ireland	3.887	309	26.211	24.193		801		930	1.273	144	2.999	36.487
Italy	117	0			N/A	0	Ŷ	Ŷ		N/A	0	117
Latvia	0				N/A	0	-	-	-	N/A	0	
Liechtenstein	0				N/A	0				N/A	0	
Lithuania	0				N/A	0				N/A	0	
Luxembourg	0				N/A	0				N/A	0	-
Malta	0				N/A	0				N/A	0	
Netherlands	60	0			N/A	0				N/A	0	
Norway	0	0	-		N/A	0				N/A	0	
Poland	0	0	0		N/A	0				N/A	0	85
Portugal	231	0			N/A	0				N/A	0	
Romania	0				N/A	0	-	-		N/A	0	
Slovakia	0				N/A	0				N/A	0	
Slovenia	0				N/A	0				N/A	0	
Spain	71	0			N/A N/A	0				N/A N/A	0	
Sweden United Kingdom	506	17	0			0				N/A 98	0 292	0 8.466
					87 N/A		-	-				
United States	811 129	16	0		N/A N/A	0				N/A N/A	0	
Japan Other non EEA non	129	0	0	0	N/A	U	0	0	0	N/A	0	129
	0	0	0	_	N/A	0	0		_	N/A	0	0
Emerging countries Asia	0				N/A N/A	0	0	0		N/A N/A	0	0
Asia Middle and South	0	0	0	0	IW/A	U	0	0	0	N/A	0	0
America	0	0	0	0	N/A	C	0	0	0	N/A	0	0
Eastern Europe non EEA	0	0	0	0	N/A	C	0	0	0	N/A	0	0
Others	105	0	0		N/A	0	0	0		N/A	0	105
Total	6.127	342	33.423			801	-	930			3.291	47.638

Notes and definitions

(1) EAD - Exposure at Default or exposure value in the meaning of the CRD.

(2) The EAD reported here are based on the methodologies and portfolio breakdowns used in the 2011 EU-wide stress test, and hence may differ from the EAD reported by banks in their Pillar 3 disclosures, which can vary based on national regulation. For example, this would affect breakdown of EAD for real estate exposures and SME exposures.

(3) Breakdown by country and macro area (e.g. Asia) when EAD >=5%. In any case coverage 100% of total EAD should be ensured (if exact mapping of some exposures to geographies is not possible, they should be allocated to the group "others").

(4) The allocation of countries and exposures to macro areas and emerging/non-emerging is according to the IMF WEO country groupings. See: http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/tf/weo/2010/01/weodata/groups.htm

(5) Residential real estate property which is or will be occupied or let by the owner, or the beneficial owner in the case of personal investment companies, and commercial real estate property, that is, offices and other commercial premises, which are recognised as eligible collateral in the meaning of the CRD, with the following criteria, which need to be met:

(a) the value of the property does not materially depend upon the credit quality of the obligor. This requirement does not preclude situations where purely macro economic factors affect both the value of the property and the performance of the borrower; and

(b) the risk of the borrower does not materially depend upon the performance of the underlying property or project, but rather on the underlying capacity of the borrower to repay the debt from other sources. As such, repayment of the facility does not materially depend on any cash flow generated by the underlying property serving as collateral.

(6) Loan to value ratio - ratio of EAD to the market value of real estate used as collateral for such exposures. Given the different methodologies applied to assessing the value, the bank is required to explain the computation of the ratio. In particular (a) whether collateral values is marked-to-market or any other valuation method is used, (b) whether the amount has been adjusted for principal repayments, and (c) how guarantees other than the underlying property are treated.

Definition of Loan to Value ratio used:

The loan to value ratios shown above are based on the outstanding loan balances as at 31st December 2010 divided by the associated collateral (property) values indexed to market values. For the purposes of deriving the indexed (market) values, the group has used the ESRI/ Permanent Tsb index for ROI residential property, the Halifax index for UK residential property & the Investment Property Database indices for Commercial property. The average values shown above have been exposure weighted. With regard to residential mortgage lending, in general guarantees are not a feature of these portfolios and only the relevant associated collateral has been included in the calculation.

(7) Total exposures is the total EAD according to the CRD definition based on which the bank computes RWA for credit risk. Total exposures, in addition to the exposures broken down by regulatory portfolios in this table, include EAD for securitisation transactions, counterparty credit risk, sovereigns, guaranteed by sovereigns, public sector entities and central banks.

Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Exposures to sovereigns (central and local governments), as of 31 December 2010, mln EUR ^(1,2)

Name of the bank: Irish Life & Permanent plc

All values in million EUR

Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EX value gross of spe	XPOSURES (accounting cific provisions)	NET DIRECT POSITIONS (gross exposures (long) net of cash short position of sovereign debt to other counterparties only where there is maturity matching)				DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK
	,		of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book $^{(3)}$	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
3M 1Y		263	0	263	263	0	0		
2Y									
2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y	Austria								
10Y									
15Y		263	0	263	263	0	0	0	0
3M		200	0	200	200	Ŭ	0		
1Y 2Y									
3Y	Belgium								
1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	· g · ·	-							
15Y		-		-	-	-	-		
3M		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y									
21 3Y	Bulgaria								
5Y	Bulgaria								
10Y 15Y									
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>3M</u> 1Y									
2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y									
5Y	Cyprus								
10Y									
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y		-							
2Y									
3Y 5Y	Czech Republic								
5Y 10Y 15Y									
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>3M</u> 1Y									
2Y									
2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y	Denmark								
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M			0	0	0	0	0		0
1Y 2V									
3Y	Estonia								
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y									
15Y									
3M		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y									
2Y 3Y	Estand								
	Finland	•	•	•	•	•		·	r

Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EXPOSURES (accounting value gross of specific provisions)		(gross exposures (long	net of cash short posit	T POSITIONS ion of sovereign debt to naturity matching)	DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK	
Residua	, ,		of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book $^{(3)}$	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
5Y 10Y 15Y	Tinidid	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	France	154	0	154	154	0	0		
15Y 3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y		154 316	0	154 316	154 316	0 0	0	0	0
	Germany	316	0	316	316	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Greece								
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Hungary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Iceland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Ireland	0 323 631 6 483 33 357 19 1.852		0 323 631 6 483 33 357 19 1.852	323 631 6 483 33 357 19 1.852		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Italy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y	Latvia								

Residual Maturity	Country/Region	value gross of specific provisions)		NET DIRECT POSITIONS (gross exposures (long) net of cash short position of sovereign debt to other counterparties only where there is maturity matching)				DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES IN TRADING BOOK	
			of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book $^{(3)}$	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Liechtenstein	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Lithuania	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	0	0		
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Malta								
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Netherlands	0 156 156	0	0 156 156	0 156 156	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Norway			0	0	0	0		
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Poland	80	0	80	80	0	0		
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Portugal	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EX value gross of spe		(gross exposures (long) net of cash short posit	T POSITIONS ion of sovereign debt to o naturity matching)	other counterparties only	DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES IN TRADING BOOK	
			of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book ⁽³⁾	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Romania								
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Slovakia								
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Slovenia								
	Spain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y									
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Sweden								
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	United Kingdom								
	TOTAL EEA 30	0 2.821	0	0 2.821	0 2.821	0	0	0	0
3M									
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	United States								
15Y 3M		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Japan								
10Y 15Y	F								

Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EXPOSURES (accounting value gross of specific provisions)		(gross exposures (long) net of cash short posit	T POSITIONS ion of sovereign debt to naturity matching)	DIRECT SOVEREIGN INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN EXPOSURES IN THE DERIVATIVES TRADING BOOK		
Residua			of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book ⁽³⁾	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y	Other non EEA non Emerging countries	0	0	0			0		0
15Y 3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y	Asia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>10Y</u> 15Y	Asia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Middle and South America	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Eastern Europe non EEA								
15Y 3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Others	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10Y 15Y	TOTAL	0 2.821	0	0 2.821	0 2.821	0	0	0	0

Notes and definitions

(1) The allocation of countries and exposures to macro areas and emerging/non-emerging is according to the IMF WEO country groupings. See: http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2010/01/weodata/groups.htm

(2) The exposures reported in this worksheet cover only exposures to central and local governments on immediate borrower basis, and do not include exposures to other counterparts with full or partial government guarantees (such exposures are however included in the total EAD reported in the worksheet "4 - EADs").

(3) According to the EBA methodologies, for the trading book assets banks have been allowed to offset only cash short positions having the same maturities (paragraph 202 of the Methodological note).